GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 100¾; closed steady at 100¾.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed yesterday in New York at 11 9-16c. In Liverpool at 6¼d.

THE Signal Service Bureau report indicates for to-day in Georgia, north winds, stationary temperature and pressure, partly cloudy weather, and occasional rains.

THE TURF.

The Races Yesterday at Oglethorpe Park.

Although the sky was clear yesterday and the weather fine, the attendance upon the races at Oglethorpe park was not nearly as large as on the day previous. The programme too, if anything, was much more attractive than on the first day, as it embraced three trotting races. Bentley's brass band was on hand and discoursed musical airs during the intervals between the heats in each race. The special train on the Western and Atlantic railroad carried to the grounds about one hundred persons, and by other conveyances about two hundred and fifty people reached the turf.

The betting was quite lively, and considerable money changed hands, or rather would have been had not the bets in the two first races trotted been declared off by the judges for reasons which will be explained in the following account:

The first race called was the 240 class for a purse of $125. The following horses were entered:

Clint Taylor, b m Minnie Taylor; Wm. Hodges, b m Oreola; G. W. Drummond, b g Bay Stranger.

The horses were started in the manner mentioned above and the race was trotted with but little excitement among the audience, as Minnie Taylor trotted away easily from the other horses, and came under the string, distancing Oreola and Bay Stranger.

The heat and race was given to the mare, Minnie Taylor. Time 2:45. The judges declared the pools off, as they thought that the distanced horses were not driven to win.

The crowd however did not agree with the judges, as the sulky to which Oreola was driven came in with a spoke broken out of a wheel and Bay Stranger having behaved badly could not be made to settle down to work.

SUMMARY.

Purse $125, for 2:40 class, $85, $25, $15—mile heats, three in five to harness.

Clint Taylor, b m Minnie Taylor, 1.
Bay Stranger—dis.
Oreola—dis.
Time—2:45.

The second race called was the contest for gentlemen's roadsters. The following horses were entered:

J D Odom, b g Felix.
Oliver Hart, b g Dollar.
W Hodges, b m Oreola.

This race was trotted with no especial interest being displayed by those in attendance, as Oreola, who sold first choice in the pools, behaved badly, and attempted to bolt the track twice in the second and third heats. The race was won easily by Felix, who distanced the other horses in the last heat.

SUMMARY.

First purse $35, second $10, third $5; mile heats, 2 in 3.

Wm Hodges, b m Oreola, 1, 3, dis.
Dollar, 3, 1, dis.
Felix, 2, 2, 1
Time—2:56, 3:04, 3:06.

In this race the judges decided the pools sold to be off, and gave the money to Felix.

The second race was called and it proved to be the most interesting of the day. The entries were:

J. W. Odom, b. g. Spider.
H. Bradley, b. s. Beaumont.
Clint Taylor, b. m. Minnie Taylor.

This was won by Spider in three straight heats, with Minnie Taylor a close second. Beaumont behaved badly, and deceived those who had confidence in the beautiful little stallion and had bet their money on his winning the race.

SUMMARY

Purse $200—free for all class—$125, $50, $25; mile heats, three in five, to harness.

Jack Odom, b. g. Spider	1	1	1
Clint Taylor, b. m. Minnie Taylor	2	2	2
H. Bradley, b. s. Beaumont	3	3	3

Time—2:44, 2:44, 2:45¾.

No pools were sold on this race but considerable money was bet by the backers of each horse. It was generally conceded that Spider would win, consequently the majority of the bets were wagered on Minnie Taylor and Beaumont for second place.

AN ACCIDENT.

As the horses passed the judges stand in the last heat a collision occured by the stallion Beaumont running into the sulky pulled by Spider. The stallion in some way put a foot through a wheel in the sulky, knocking every spoke out of it, which let the driver of Spider to the ground with a hard fall. Neither horse nor driver, however, were hurt by the accident, much to the surprise of all who witnessed the affair.

A Card.

There has been a rumor on the streets of Atlanta for the past two days very damaging to my character. I have done all in my power as an individual to correct it, and I hold in my possession a statement from the parties whose names have been given as authority, in which they state that they do not say that I am the party referred to. Hence I desire that all who wish to keep this matter before the public will please call on or address

FRANK LOGAN, JR.,
of Cook & Logan.

THE BULL'S EYE.

A Proposed State Rifle Match.

A few days since we published an announcement that the Savannah Rifle association were preparing for a state rifle match to be had at the range of that association. The latest advices from Savannah show that the riflemen of that city mean business, and will soon have perfected all their arrangements for the reception of visiting teams and the proper conduct of the match. The News says on the subject:

We would urge upon the members of military and other organizations in the sister cities and towns of the four states comprising this belt to move at once in the matter, and organize teams to represent them in the proposed contest. Liberal reduction in transportation and in hotel fair may be obtained, and we can assure all visitors that whilst here they will be the recipients of that generous hospitality for which Savannah is noted. Our city is enjoying most excellent health, its sanitary condition could not b. better, and we may say its natural attractions may be seen to the best advantage during the month of July. We would particularly desire to have some of the "fine shots" from Mobile and Montgomery entered in this contest against the riflemen of Atlanta, Macon, Augusta, Columbus, Savannah, Jacksonville, Charleston, and other cities in Georgia, Florida and South Carolina. Mobile, especially, has a fine reputation in this respect. A team from that city, headed by Col J. M. Williams, Col. E. M. Underhill, Captain Price Williams, Captain A. S. Danner and others, would be strong competitors for our Georgia marksmen. We have reason to believe that a fine team will be made up in Charleston, and also hear encouraging reports, in a private way, from Atlanta, Augusta and Macon, with those prominent citizens informal communication has been held on the subject.

We are permitted to publish the following special invitation to the riflemen of Atlanta from General Anderson, president of the Savannah association:

HD'QRS SAVANNAH RIFLE ASSOCIATION,
SAVANNAH, GA., June 10, 1878.

Mr. J. B. Baird, Atlanta, Ga:

My Dear Sir—Allow me to commend to your favorable notice and action the enclosed circular, which I will be glad if you will ventilate, and exert yourself to have Atlanta represented here with a fine team. Your association and the military organizations of Atlanta can doubtless contribute a sufficient number of good shots to get up a "crack team."

I have made this move with a view of accomplishing the objects about which we conversed on our trip to Barnesville, viz: to stimulate throughout the state of Georgia and the south interest in the formation of rifle associations and improvement in rifle practice, which I consider most important and beneficial to our state and section, and which I will do all in my power to aid in promoting and developing.

Please acknowledge receipt of circular, and advise me what you think the chances will be to get a team from Atlanta. Very truly yours,

R. H. ANDERSON, President.

It is pretty certain that the

ATLANTA RIFLEMEN

will enter the proposed contest, and we are sure that a team could be made in this city which would do itself honor at any contest in Georgia. The proposition has been very favorably considered, and we hope to see it result in a grand contest, in which Atlanta will be well represented.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

VOL. XI. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 20 1878. NO 4

NOTES OF A TENNESSEAN.

—The resolution passed by city council at its last meeting authorizing Councilman Werner to purchase sixty iron seats, to be placed in city hall park, will be received with much joy by the little children of our city who delight to spend the fine summer afternoons in our beautiful park.

—Col A T Scott, the great railroad king, placed his own private coach at the service of Gov Brown, of the Western and Atlantic railroad, who left Louisville this morning for his western tour. The ex-governor is accompanied by Chief Justice Jackson, of Georgia, and their ladies.—Knoxville Tribune.

—The Knoxville Chronicle reports the following quick work: A tramp named Smith stole the valise of Mr. D Kirkpatrick, of Chattanooga, at the Dobson house, Greeneville, last Wednesday night but he was captured, tried by the court in session the next day and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

—Augusta Chronicle: The Gate City Guards, of Atlanta, intend to visit Queen Victoria next summer unless, in the meantime, the queen decides to come over and visit the G G G, as is well known, the court of St James have always manifested the liveliest interest in the Guards, and they are billed for a right royal time.

—Chattanooga Times: "The military company at Atlanta propose to make a European tour next year. A steamer is to be chartered to make the round trip, and members of the company will pay $50 for passage and other persons $70. The steamship will be provided with a restaurant, etc., for the accommodation of passengers."

—The Western and Atlantic railroad a few days ago made a sale of their locomotive Mr Whorter to Mr J J Dale, of Savannah, Ga. The engine is now being used at the wreck on the Cherokee railroad. It will be shipped to Mr Dale in about three weeks, and will be used by that gentleman, who is engaged in the lumber business.

—"Oh, yes, I'll trade my horse for your mule," said he, "if we can agree. Now if his mule—" and he placed his hand on the animal's rear elevation. Mortal man will never know the conclusion of that sentence. He climbed the golden stair in fragments and at a pace compared to which the shooting of a rocket is a snail's pace.

POLICE POINTS.

—State cases are rare lately.

—Chief Thomas rides finely.

—Vagrancy doesn't thrive here.

—A very good recorder's court yesterday.

—Small boys are very annoying to the police.

—The present detective system is working well.

—The sanitary laws are ably executed by the police force.

—Willis Jarrell has become quite at home in his official rigging.

—The commissioners have a sharp eye on the workings of our police system.

PRISON POINTS.

—Fifty prisoners are confined in Fulton county jail.

—The office and cells of the jail are kept beautifully clean.

—It takes a quarter of beef to feed the prisoners one day.

—It is a pleasure to visit the jail, but there is none in remaining there.

—Two mocking birds and several dogs are mentioned among the pets at the jail.

—They have a trained dog at the jail that opens and closes the front gate for visitors.

—A fine fruit orchard and a vineyard of grapes are among the attractions of the jail yard.

—The flower garden at the jail is a beautiful spot and is much admired by visitors to that institution.

—The prisoners confined in the jail are as happy as larks. Many of them can outsing this noble bird.

—The records of the jail are kept as correctly as the account books of many of our leading business houses.

—The disease of measels among the prisoners in the jail has entirely disappeared and those confined are perfectly healthy.

—The Chisholm brothers, from Harralson county, charged with the murder of E. L. Lambert, are confined in Fulton jail.

—Old "Whit" Anderson, the efficient jailer of Fulton county, and his two bowers, Marion Wing and John Wise, are a hard team to beat.

—When a prisoner is ushered into this institution, the rules and regulations are laid down before him in a plain and concise manner. A man has to walk a chalk-line; there or he gets his reward promptly.

—Mike Shaw, the wife murderer from Baldwin county, sentenced to be hung in the early part of next month at Milledgeville, is confined in Fulton jail. He occupies the first cell on the left side of the entrance.

—Mr. John Wise points out the sights at the jail with a lemon stick, ornamented with a handle made from an alligator's tooth. The stick was given him in the centennial year, and has one hundred knots upon it.

LAGRANGE DOTS.

—Four counties come to LaGrange for fun and business.

—The music of the Southern Female college is famous all over Georgia.

—LaGrange will send us a goodly delegation on the Fourth of July.

—The State Sunday School convention will be held in LaGrange in August.

—LaGrange is the only city in the state which supports two female colleges.

—The Ferrell gardens are frequently visited. They are unequalled in the south.

—The completion of the North and South road to LaGrange is now a fixed fact.

—Waterman has a new assistant on the corps of the Reporter. Weight 9¾ pounds.

—Cols John T Graves and Will Huntley are in charge of a fine male school in the city.

—For handsome men and pretty girls and clever people LaGrange has no superior on the continent.

—The young men of LaGrange are so attentive to strangers that it is always an unpleasant duty to leave the city.

—The new chapel of the Southern Female college is beautiful, and is adorned with 65 paintings and drawings of its pupils.

—Master Charlie Cox, son of president J T Cox, of the Southern Female college, is one of the finest musicians in the state. He has composed several beautiful pieces and plays on half a dozen instruments.

TO THE NORTH POLE.

Where he Expects to be Joined by Col. Burke After His European Trip.

NEW YORK, June 18—Esthen sailed to-day in search for the relics of Sir John Franklin. Colonel Gilder just before sailing stated that he would probably be

ABSENT TWO YEARS

or more. The searching party is expected to make the voyage northward in about two months, reaching "Repulse bay" during the latter part of August. It is intended to stop at that place till spring, there being no snow on the ground during the winter. In the early part of the spring a party will cross the country on sledges to King Williams land. The journey will occupy probably four or five weeks. After landing the searching party at Repulse bay, Esthen will depart on a whaling voyage.

A COSTLY DASH.

A Murderer Trying to Dodge the Noose.

FREDERICK, MD, June 19—E. H. Costley, who will be hanged on Friday, made a desperate attempt to escape this morning. The door of the corridor was open to feed the prisoners, and as soon as the cook had turned his head Costley dashed past him through the warden's room and out the front entrance to the jail, and down a lot into a cellar about 200 yards in the rear of the jail. He was captured by the warden almost immediately and taken back to the prison and ironed.

Hoosier Socialists.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 19.—Judge Davidson, of Fountain county, telegraphed to Gov. Williams, to-day, for troops to assist in suppressing riots among the miners. The Light Infantry will leave here by a special train this afternoon.

FIGHTING IT OUT.

THE STRUGGLES OF THE HOUSES IN WASHINGTON.

Bills Hawked About in Conference, and then Read to Kill Time—Pens to a Dangling About in the Senate.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business immediately after the reading of the journal.

The senate confirmed the nominations of W. S. Grovebeck and Frank A. Walker as United States commissioners to the monetary conference, and rejected the nominations of Reuben E. Fenton as such commissioner. It also confirmed the nomination of S. S Phelps and Josiah Dent as commissioners of the district of Columbia. Samuel G Reed, nominated as marshal for the southern district of Alabama, was rejected to-day by a vote of 22 ayes to 27 nays.

The senate passed the bill to remove the political disabilities of Washington Gwalthnay, of Alabama.

The report relative to the elections in West Virginia, North Carolina and a United States senator in New Hampshire, was agreed to as agreed upon in the conference. The bill provides for the election of representatives to the forty-sixth congress from West Virginia and North Carolina. The senate amendment declaring the present legislature of New Hampshire may elect a United States senator for the term commencing 4th March, 1879, was disagreed to. The election for representatives in congress under the new law will be held in West Virginia on the second Tuesday of October, and in North Carolina on the second Tuesday of November.

The house bill for the relief of the families of those who perished on the United States dredge boat McAllister, at the mouth of the Mississippi river, was passed.

The house bill authorizing the payment of customs duties in legal notes was read by the bill, after which several senators objected to the second reading of the bill, and this prevented its further consideration to-day.

The bill appropriating $7,000 to construct a road from Vicksburg, Miss., to the national cemetery, was passed.

Upon the re-assembling of the senate, at 8 o'clock P M, Mr. Allison, from the select committee to inquire into the alleged connection of the Hon. Stanley Matthews with frauds in Louisiana, during the count of the presidential vote, submitted a resolution authorizing the committee, in exercising the power heretofore granted, to sit during the recess, and to hold its session at such place or places as it shall deem most convenient for the purposes of the investigation. Agreed to.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of Charles B. Lawrence of Illinois, to be commissioner to the international monetary congress, in place of Fenton, resigned.

There has been executive session almost the entire evening. At 11:15 the doors were reopened, and Mr. Thurman, of Ohio submitted a resolution returning the thanks of the senate to Hon. Thos. W Ferry, president pro tem., for the able and impartial manner in which he discharged his duties as president. Agreed to unanimously.

Mr. Ransom submitted a resolution returning the thanks of the senate to Vice-President Wheeler for the able and impartial manner in which he discharged the duties of presiding officer. Agreed to unanimously.

The senate again went into executive session.

When the senate went into executive session this evening Mr. Conkling moved to reconsider the vote by which Fenton was rejected as monetary commissioner, saying that whatever objections were urged to Fenton would apply with equal force to Lawrence. A long debate ensued. The motion to reconsider was lost and objection was made to Lawrence, thus preventing his confirmation. The result was the withdrawal by the president of Lawrence's nomination and the renomination of Fenton. The senate is now defeating it.

THE HOUSE.

In the house a motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill to substitute treasury notes for national bank notes was defeated by 109 to 114.

A motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill for the payment of customs duties in legal tender notes after October, 1878, was agreed to.

The bill making all pensions on account of death by wounds or disease in the late war to take effect from the date of death or discharge, and for payment of arrears on that principle, was passed.

The senate resolution extending the time of final adjournment till 10 p. m. to-day was concurred in.

The report of the conference committee in the sundry civil bill announcing a disagreement was agreed to and a new committee ordered.

A motion to suspend the rules and pass the pro rata Pacific railroad bill was defeated.

The house resumed its session at 8 p.m., previous to which time the rumor ran that the conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill had compromised in all points of disagreement, and as the speaker entered the hall from the senate, he confirmed the rumor that the committee had agreed. The galleries were crowded, but the attendance of members was rather slim, many having already left the city.

Mr. Cox, of New York, moved to suspend the rule and pass the bill reported by Waddell, of North Carolina, chairman of the postoffice committee, to fix the pay of letter carriers. Agreed to—yeas 149, nays 54. The result was hailed with applause. The bill provides that in all cities containing a population of 75,000 or over, there shall be two classes of letter carriers: The first-class to have a salary of $1,000, and the second class $800. That in cities of less than 75,000 there shall be but one class of letter carriers, whose salaries shall be eight hundred and fifty dollars. That a third class may be established on application of the postmaster, to be called the auxilliary letter carriers, and to receive $400 a year, and that the letter carrier system may be established in cities of 20,000 inhabitants.

Mr. Conger moved to suspend the rules and pass a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment forever prohibiting the payment of any claim for property taken, used, injured or destroyed by United States troops during the late war of the rebellion unless the owner was loyal to the government and gave neither aid nor encouragement to the enemy. Agreed—ayes 144, nays 61.

At nine o'clock a message was received from the senate that that body had adopted a resolution for the further extension of the session to one o'clock on Thursday morning, and it was concurred in.

Mr. Cannon at 10 o'clock moved to suspend the rules and pass a post route bill, which he stated contained all the routes in the original house bill, all the routes put on by the senate and some four hundred additional post routes, and none of the objectionable amendments had been added by the senate.

Messrs. Ward and Freemen, of Pennsylvania, demanded the reading of the bill in full, intending in this way to prevent the passage.

Mr. Cannon desired to make a statement, but Mr. Waddell, of North Carolina, objected and joined Ward and Freeman in demanding the reading. This took place amid great uproar. Mr. Cannon offered to withdraw the bill, but was overruled in that, and the clerk commenced to read the bill. Soon his voice failed, and Member Keifer, of Ohio, stepped to the desk and relieved the clerk and was greeted with shouts of laughter and calls of "louder! louder!" After awhile Freeman, who had previously announced that he could not be bulldozed, withdrew the demand for reading, but his colleague persisted that the bill be read. The tumult increased to such an extent that the speaker called on the sergeant-at-arms to restore order, and that functionary, shouldering the mace, marched up and down amid shouts, laughter, cheers, etc. When this episode was over, Keifer resumed the reading.

The reading was finished at half-past 10 o'clock by means of liberal skipping, and then was declared passed by an equally liberal counting of the votes, Donnell, of Minnesota, in the chair as speaker pro tem, in spite of Mr. Ward's protests against both.

The senate bill in relation to the Venezuelan mixed commission was agreed to.

The bill repeals the act of the 25th of April, 1866, to enforce the stipulations of the Venezuelan convention.

THE POTTER COMMITTE.

Owing to the postponement of final adjournment till to-day, the Potter committee have further postponed its meeting till to-morrow.

A JAUNT TO PRINCETON.

The president intended to leave Washington at nine o'clock to-night to attend the commencement exercises at Princeton college to-morrow, but was delayed, however, by the non-adjournment. If congress adjourns before midnight, however, the president will leave the city for Princeton on the one o'clock train.

THE SUNDRY BILL AS AMENDED.

The sundry civil appropriation bills, as agreed upon by the conference committee, contains the senate provision for the payment of the Halifax award. The senate amendment providing for the ante-bellum southern mail claims was stricken out. The senate amendment of $327,500 to construct a building in Washington for the printing and engraving bureau is retained, but the provision for the purchase of the Freedmen's bank building is stricken out. The senate item of $400,000 for commencing the north wing of the state, war and navy department is agreed to, after reducing it to $250,000; and the amount for continuing work on the east wing is compromised at $325,000. Among other items for public buildings as finally fixed in the bill, are: Memphis, $25,000; Little Rock, $30,000; Atlanta, $60 000; Raleigh, $24,000. The senate provisions for continuing the Hot Springs commission are retained, after being amended in sundry matters of detail.

The items of $15,000 for light-house at Fort Point, Galveston, and $20,000 for a range of lights in Port Royal harbor, are retained. The clause authorizing the secretary of the interior to appoint a commission of three persons to visit the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail Indians to confer with them about a permanent location and provide for their removal, is restained.

THE MEMORY OF VALLEY FORGE.

There Were No Visiting Statesmen Then.

VALLEY FORGE, PA, June 19.—The centennial anniversary celebration of the evacuation of this place by the continental army was celebrated by a grand military display. The troops were reviewed by Governor Hartranft and General Hancock. Thirty thousand people present.

A Mississippi Fire.

NEW ORLEANS, June 18.—A fire at Edwards, Mississippi, to-day, destroyed McCaw's jewelry store, McCam & Bros drug store, Brocatta's grocery, Mrs. Butler's house and fruit stand, J. W. Waitzling's store, D. J. Conavan, furniture; Kelley & Maple's ten pin alley, T D. Paddleford's two stores, and the store of J. W. Key. Other buildings were damaged. The fire was the work of an incendiary. The loss is estimated at $20,000.

Crossing the Ocean to Graveland.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Sixty-nine colored emigrants sailed to-day for Liberia under the auspices of the American Colonization society, who will support the emigrants for six months after arrival. A dozen cabin passengers were also on board. It is understood efforts will be made to open up the back country of Liberia, and, by the construction of roads, bring products to the sea coast.

The Emperor's Recovery.

BERLIN, June 19.—The physicians in attendance upon Emperor William publish a formal declaration that his progress has been satisfactory, almost beyond expectation, but the patient, besides transitory pain, suffers much from helplessness, being unable to use his arms. Complete recovery can only be effected in a long time after possibly many obstacles and much pain.

Savannah to New York.

CHESTER, PA., June 19.—The new iron steamship, City of Columbus, was sucessfully launched from John Roach & Son's yards to-day. The new vessel, which has a tonnage of 2,250 tons, is for the Ocean Steamship company of Savannah, Georgia, and will ply between that city and New York.

The Missouri Hash Politicians.

SEDALIA, MO., June 19.—A joint state convention of the greenback and national parties assembled in this city to day with F. L. Underwood as temporary chairman. After the appointment of the usual committees, the convention took a recess.

Seriously Poisoned.

PITTSTON, PA., June 19.—Eighteen persons were seriously poisoned here, yesterday, by milk taken from a cow supposed to have been bitten by a rattlesnake.

Spinning Away.

LONDON, June 19.—The cotton mills throughout Lancashire were re-opened to-day. A majority of the weavers resumed work; the spinners refused to resume.

A Financial Neck-Tie.

TROY, N. Y., June 19.—Edwin A. Andrews, cashier of the wrecked Greenwich bank, at Greenwich, hanged himself to-day.

A Long Walk.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 19.—Daniel Stevens, a tramp, convicted of an outrageous assault on a girl 8 years old is sentenced to 20 years imprisonment.

Vermilye's Death.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Col. Wm. M. Vermilye, the founder of the well-known banking house of Vermilye & Co., died last evening.

Fatally Stabbed his Assailant.

BOSTON, June 19—John Fahey, a sailor, being assaulted last night, fatally stabbed Thomas Ward, aged 26, one of his assailants, and seriously wounded another.

Jovellar's Departure.

HAVANA, June 21.—Senor Ricordo Gulbis Abella has been appointed secretary of the government. Jovellar embarked yesterday for Spain.

THE BERLIN CONGRESS.

Rumors Contradicted—The Scope of the Congress.

VIENNA, June 19.—The Fremerblatt says that Count Andrassy still insists that the Russian occupation of Bulgaria shall cease on the conclusion of a definite peace.

A RUMOR CONTRADICTED.

LONDON, June 19.—A Berlin correspondent of the Manchester Guardian telegraphs that he is authorized to contradict the report set afloat Sunday last, that the Turkish plenipotentiaries had been instructed to withdraw from the congress, and declare that Turkey preferred to abide by the terms of the treaty of San Stefano if the congress voted to grant autonomy to Epirus, Thessaly, Boenia and Herzegovina.

THE POLICY OF THE CONGRESS.

The illusion that the Berlin congress would finish its work in ten days gives place to a conviction that it will last as many weeks. The congress meets at two o'clock to-day. It is expected that Bulgaria will be the subject for consideration, for however pregnant the Asiatic question may be with important consequences, nothing compares in immediate importance and in the certainty of its ultimate results with the proposed reorganization of Bulgaria. The question simply is whether Europe or Russia shall exercise preponderant influence in European Turkey. The congress could not deal hastily or rapidly with a question so important and so complex. Its delays and frequent adjournments, so far from suggesting unfavorable issue, only show that the congress is a real, not a merely formal, assembly, and that it will enter thoroughly into the question submitted to it. The truth is, it would be impossible to bring together a body of such powerful statesmen merely to ratify a foregone conclusion.

ENGLAND AND AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, June 19.—It is stated that England and Austria had concluded to promise to support each other at the congress. The publication of the Anglo-Russian agreement consequently astonished the Austrian government. Andrassy apparently has been since reassured, as it is now asserted that he and Beaconsfield hold identical views.

A DIPLOMATIC CHANGE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 19.—Prince Reusse, German ambassador here, has been transferred to Vienna, and will proceed thither in the fortnight. The Russians are sending reinforcements against the Rhodope insurgents, who seem to be making preparations to take the offensive.

THE PLAGUE OF THE WEST.

A Junction Effected—Crook's Opinion—Ranches Raided and People Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—A Boise City dispatch says that Capt. Bernard and Capt. Whipple have effected a junction three miles above the Owihee river. Gen. Howard is supposed to be 25 miles in advance.

A dispatch received here dated Baker City, Oregon, June 17, says the hostiles raided Burnt river yesterday, stole 22 horses and probably did other mischief. Bandier's company of cavalry left early this morning for Old's ferry, Snake river.

CROOK'S OPINION.

NEW YORK, June 19.—A special from Omaha says General Crook left for Chicago to consult Sheridan on the Bannock troubles. Crook considers the situation growing more serious every day. He has been obliged to use 21 companies to protect the Black Hills and Fort McKinny regions, stripping the department of all available men.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19—A messenger from the vicinity of Camp Harney reports serious depredations. A party under Col. Egan have burned the Diamond ranche, in Happy Valley, in the rear of Steins's mountain. The Indians have captured over four hundred horses. Troops and supplies greatly needed. Canyon City and vicinity are being raided. A number of whites have been killed.

THE HESLEY REGATTA.

The Oarsmen Constantly Arriving.

LONDON, June 19.—The Shoewaccatematacs arrived at Henley this morning, and after much difficulty secured private apartments near the river. They are in good health, but complain of a lack of exercise. Their appearance

EXCITED MUCH INTEREST

and curiosity. The Henley boatmen are very anxious to see their famous fast stroke. They took their first pull this p m., and were watched by a great number of persons. Geo. W. Lee, an American sculler, who also came out in the Alsatia to participate in the Henley regatta, launched his boat in Southampton harbor yesterday, and

PULLED SEVERAL MILES

He also took a pull for practice at Henley to-day. Mr. Kelly, the coach of the Columbia crew, arrived at Henley yesterday. He has been out on horseback accompanying the crew in their exercise to-day, and will continue to do so till the 4th of July. The Columbias think favorably of their paper boat, and will use it. Mr. Towsey, secretary of the Henley Regatta association, will arrive at Henley to-night. The entries will be made on Saturday.

A WARNING TO BACHELORS.

Three Brothers Murdered Near Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, PA, June 19—Three brothers, bachelors, named Hawn, ages ranging from 60 to 65 years, were attacked in their own house 6 miles from Huntingdon, this evening by two tramps and unmercifully beaten, one beyond recovery. The tramps then knocked down the housekeeper, ransacked the house and carried away with them bonds to the amount of $4,000 and other valuables. They were pursued, but turned and fired upon the pursuers one of whom received a bullet through his clothing. The entire neighborhood is now in pursuit.

Hastings and Platt.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The marriage of General Russell Hastings and Miss Emily Platt took place at the executive mansion this evening. Bishop Jagger, of Ohio, performed the ceremony. The blue parlor, where the wedding took place, was beautifully adorned with flowers. Mr. Hayes gave away the bride. Only the particular friends of the president and the bride and groom were present.

Capel Resigns.

LONDON, June 19—The Catholic university college is to be removed to the country near Weymouth, consequently Monsignor Capel will resign the rectorship.

A Put-Back.

BOSTON, June 19.—The steamship Palestine, from Liverpool on the 10th inst., for Boston, put back at Queenstown. Her machinery is damaged. She will be detained about five days.

AGRICULTURAL.

THE FIELD—THE FARM—THE GARDEN.

Flowers—Poultry—Phosphates—The Garden—Hay Making—Farm Notes—Book Farming—The Family Doctor—Home and Household—Cut Feed for Teams—Wool for Market—He Loved Husbandry—General News—Georgia Crop News.

THE GARDEN.

Continue to keep down weeds and grass in the garden; keep it neat by removing grass and stones from the walks, and by hoeing and raking the beds. Crop judiciously, and the extra trouble will pay you. Edge your beds with radishes. Set out late cabbage plants between your rows of early potatoes. Let celery trenches take the place of early peas. Turnip seed will be scattered here and there, whenever a crop has matured and gone, in fact, all through the summer see that there is not a foot of vacant space in your garden.

The recent weather will bring out the young weeds and grass, and the rake will prove a good weeding implement, saving much hoeing. By sowing for succession the season of many vegetables can be prolonged. Many vegetables can be had until frost. Keep your asparagus bed free from weeds. Stop cutting it in time, remembering that the crop of next year depends upon the growth of the tops this season—in fact, the foliage provides for the beds for next season.

If any of your garden crops have matured and gone, and you do not wish to replant the beds, it is a good plan to sow cow peas thickly to shade the surface during the hot weather. When the pods begin to form on the vines, give them a good sprinkling of lime, and chop them under the surface, or let the peas ripen and turn under the stalks and leaves. All growing crops should be constantly worked with the pronged hoe during the hot weather. This surface stirring draws moisture from below, and greatly promotes the growth of the plants.

The treatment of strawberry plants now depends upon the plan of cultivation. Fork over the soil between the rows and pull up all weeds. If the plants are to be kept in hills or single rows, cut off the runners. In the alternate plan, the runners are allowed to take root in the spaces between the rows and the old plants removed, later in the season, after the new ones are well established.

GENERAL RURAL NEWS.

—Twenty-five thousand pounds of oleomargarine are said to be sold daily in New York city.

—Cabbages weighing twenty and twenty-three and one-third pounds are on exhibition at Stockton, Cal.

—A. B. Robeson, has probably the largest poultry yards in New York state. He keeps 6,000 ducks, 4,000 turkeys, and 1,200 hens. They consume sixty bushels of corn, two barrels of potatoes, and other food daily. His fowl house costs $7,000.

—There are now 1,250,000 sheep in Colorado, worth $2.25 per head. The majority of the sheep are now shorn but once a year. It was formerly the custom in the southern portion of the state to shear in April and October, but the losses by the severe storms are doing away with the October practice.

—Over 1,800 head of cattle was said to have been entered at the cattle show at the French exposition. England supplies the principal part. Sheep and hogs will also be fully represented. The entries in the horse department show at the Palais de l'Industrie consisted of 28 three-year-old stallions, 239 animals of four, and 175 of five and six years of age.

—The yearly expense to keep the fences of the United States in good order and cattle proof, is about $100,000,000, or $2 50 to every man, woman and child, white, black and red, in this country.

—Twenty-six imported Jersey cows and heifers, lately sold at Philadelphia, realized to the owners nearly $300 each.

—There are more small land owners in France than in any other country, and this explains the wonderful powers of recuperation shown by that nation after the German war.

WOOL FOR MARKET.

In some of the towns of southwest Georgia, wool is becoming quite an item in the market. Great attention is being paid in some of the states to the manner in which the fleeces are put up.

The proper way is to roll up, not to pack the fleece. Lay the fleece on a table, turn in the head and tail, and turn in the flanks and roll it up, commencing at the tail end, tying it with two strings to keep the roll in place, and then with one string across the end. Put up in this way a fleece is easily handled and examined.

CUT FEED FOR TEAMS.

From Troup county we have received a letter asking about horse food, and particularly cut food. Cut straw or hay mixed with corn meal or bran, is an excellent food for horses—say three quarts of corn meal and bran in equal proportions and feed to each horse about a bushel of cut feed at night and a little over half a bushel in the morning and noon. Corn meal alone, particularly in the summer, is not as healthy for horses as when mixed with bran, and better still when mixed with cut food.

HOME AND HOUSEHOLD.

—To polish the stove easier, add to the stove blacking a small quantity of turpentine.

—To remove old putty from window frames pass a red hot poker slowly over it.

—To get fat do not eat pickles and drink vinegar, but eat sweet fruit, plenty of good rich milk, brown and white bread, fresh eggs, &c., and take life's cares lightly.

—To clean out red ants, wash your shelves down clean, and while damp rub fine salt on them quite thick and let it remain on for some time and they will disappear.

—Iron rust—Dissolve a small quantity of oxalic acid in considerable water and dip the cloth in it which is iron rusted. This will remove it. Do not make too strong, as the acid would eat the cloth.

PHOSPHATES.

To a correspondent from Elbert county we would say, we do not think that farmers generally realize the immense value of phosphates used either singly or in connection with other fertilizers. Upon peaty soils, moist meadows, etc., they have given good results, even without previous composting. It is of great advantage to scatter daily a few pounds directly among the animal excretions in the stables, for a general distribution on worn out lands. Composting equal portions of a finely ground phosphate and earth, with an equal bulk of organic matter, liable to quick decomposition, the whole kept moist, in six months time will add fifty per cent to the value of the material.

POULTRY.

Do not have stagnant water near your chicken house. Let it face the south, and let it be on a dry, sandy loam or gravel. Chickens love liberty, delight in ranging about the farm. Hens are disposed to be slightly mysterious, consequently it is best to have their nests so constructed as to be easy of access; let them be comparatively dark and so made that they can enter them without being seen. It is best not to confine them to one variety of food. Occasionally they should have meat food and frequently cooked food. It is a good plan to have a box of lime or old mortar and one of dry gravel where the hens can get at it. Over-fat or lean fowls will not lay well. Feed them regularly. Hens lay in successive liters of eggs followed by a period of rest. This rest is a necessity. So a sitting hen should never be broken up and fed on stimulating food. The first and second years of a hen's life are the most productive of eggs. So do not kill off your young hens and keep the old ones. In other words, to produce the largest average number of eggs from a flock you must keep young fowls, treat them kindly and vary their food.

HAY MAKING.

We are gratified to learn that in some localities of the state more hay will be made and saved than usual. We noticed some days since two or three wagon loads of new clover hay on our streets, which was entirely too green to be stored away. Frequently this is the case with our farmers with their hay. The grass is cut in a green and succulent state, and is permitted to stand in the fields until dry and worthless; or it is brought to market before the water has evaporated from the grass. The simple process in treating grass is to know when it may be stored with safety. If it were possible to expose each blade of grass as soon as cut to a temperature of 200 degrees for a few hours and then put in a barn, the hay would be excellent. But as this cannot be done, let the farmer in curing his hay approach it as near as possible.

BOOK FARMING.

In a conversation with a farmer a day or two since, he informed us that for several years he had been subscribing to the agricultural journals, and said, I can tell you what I have learned: That to plow my land wet is not good for it, that if I do, all the harrowing and good seed will not answer; it will bake and become hard and lumpy. I have learned to sow good seed, if I expect to make good crops, even if the land is properly prepared. I have learned that if my land is judiciously prepared, rightly manured and good seed used, yet if the crop is planted late, the chances are the crop will be a failure. And if a farmer's crop fails, it is a sure failure, nothing else to make it up on; no other resource to draw money from, but it is a loss of the grain, a loss of the labor, a loss of the interest on the investment, and an impoverishment of the soil. I have learned that farm work must be done well; that good stock, good tools and implements, enriched lands, all must come in, then, there can be no loss unless the elements or some mishap interfere. 'Tis true that experience is of vast benefit, yet improved husbandry, which is doing so much for our state, in good seed, fine stock, labor saving implements, fertilizers, &c., is the work in a great degree of book farming.

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

Neuralgia—For simple neuralgia, or any superficial ache not depending on any organic cause, nothing will act so effectually as rubbing the oil of peppermint into the part.

Burns and Scalds—Apply bicarbonate of soda. If it is a wet surface, apply in fine powder; but if it is a dry burn, use a paste of bicarbonate of soda in water and apply to the burned surface. It relieves sunburn as well as burns from hot coals, melted sulphur, hot iron, etc. If bicarbonate of soda cannot be had, use bicarbonate of potash. Bicarbonate of soda is the common soda used in cooking, bicarbonate of potash is common saleratus.

—Perspiring feet can be remedied. Soak the feet every night in warm water, with a tablespoonful of bi-carb. soda in the tub, and in the morning in cold water, to which has been added a teaspoonful of powdered alum.

FARM NOTES.

—If you wish to be a successful poultry raiser, remember that "short rations" will not do. Keep the digestive organs of your chickens well supplied.

—The summer is a good time to push on your hogs. There is a chance for a plenty of slops, vegetables and grass. With these, let the hogs have pure water and a good shade.

—Worms in horses are generally caused from hard work, poor food and general negl

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per agate words each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotypes or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for their purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

WANTED—A live, energetic gentleman, with about two hundred dollars, as a partner in a paying business. For particulars inquire of J. R., 43 and 44 Whitehall street.
358 June20...dlt

WANTED—A permanent situation by a graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Eight years experience. Best reference. Address "Pharmacist," Lock Box 94, Columbia, S. C.
341 June19 d3t

WANTED—A good second-hand 15 to 20 H. P. Engine and Boiler. Portable style preferred. Call on C. H. Strong.
342 June19...d3t

WANTED—Live business man with $250 to take half interest in bar at one of the best Watering Places in the country. For particulars inquire at this office. 338 June18...d3t

INTELLIGENT MAN (English), of fair education, an Expert Draftsman and mechanic, will be glad of employment of any kind. J. J. W., this office. 268 June16...d3t

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT—Hampton House, over City Laundry. Terms very low.
356 June20...6t

FOR RENT—A comfortable and convenient cottage with 4 or 6 rooms, no 88 E Alabama st. Inquire next door, 87.
291 June16 sun,tues,thurs

FOR RENT—From 10th July, first class 4-room house with 2 out rooms connected. Water pipes on lot. 167 Jones st. Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
00 June16...dtf

TO RENT—That desirable Store, 88 Marietta street, now occupied by Kendrick & Co. Possession given whenever desired. Apply to The Singer Manufacturing Co., 42 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. 90 jun 5...dlm

FOR SALE.

PEACH BASKETS, Corn Shellers, Feed Cutters, Cider Mills, Cane Mills, Evaporators, &c., at Mark W. Johnson & Co.'s, 37 Marietta St.
357 june20 d3t

HALF JERSEY HEIFER, in calf by thoroughbred Jersey bull. Price $60. H. L. Wilson, 204 Peachtree st. 316 June16...tf

PAVEMENTS—RIVER BRICK—I have arranged with Mr. B. H. Broomhead to lay pavements with all hard, dark, river brick, so as to cost the owner only fifty cents per square yard laid down; or I will furnish all hard, dark, river brick on sidewalks at $9 per thousand. We will guarantee these brick to last twice as long as our own city brick or any other city brick. Apply to B. M. Broomhead, or Wm. D. Grant, 44 Marietta street.
279 Jun16 3t sun,thurs,sun.

BRICK TO SELL—More Brick, better Brick, and cheaper Brick, to sell than any one. W. W. McAfee.
353 June14...d1m

FOR IRON FENCING, STEAM ENGINES, etc., go to E. Van Winkle, 16 Foundry street, Atlanta, Ga. 116 may7...dtf tues fri sun

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHITE PINE SASH, DOORS, BLINDS Mantels, &c., Builders' Hardware, Paints and Window Glass. 38 Decatur street. W. Jennings & Co. 160 feb9...d&mo

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LOCKS, HINGES, &c., lower than any house in Georgia. W. G. Ashley, 33 South Broad street.
420 aug23...d&sdtf

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Two or more large, airy rooms, small rooms connecting (if desired) suitable for families, with board, can be had by applying at No. 85 Collins street.
360 jun.20...d3t thur sun tues

PARTIES visiting New York city can find first-class board at very reasonable rates at 111 and 113 East 14th st. Should mountain air be desired, they can be accommodated at the Mountain House, Cornwall on Hudson. This large, first-class summer hotel, with a capacity for 300 guests, is situated in the most beautiful part of the highlands of the Hudson. For particulars address B. T. Arnold, 111 and 113 East 14th st, New York. 178 may12...sunathur sw

The Constitution

ATLANTA, GA.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1878.

PITKIN is on hand.

OUR inquiries have been successful. Mrs. Webber will be on hand.

BEN BUTLER doesn't believe much in the sacredness of Mr. Hayes's title.

WHENEVER Mr. Hayes thinks he ought to make a really eloquent speech he "feels authorized to say," and so on.

MR. HAYES is probably sorry that he stands on a one-term platform. However, Grant will be at home when the curtain rises.

THE reason Mrs. Jenks hasn't been called before the committee is because it is desirable that her testimony should come in where it belongs.

NOYES says he is getting so he can understand a little French. This is a good thing for the country, no doubt. Now let him tell all he knows about the Florida business.

IF Shellabarger was so earnest in stuffing John Sherman's other witnesses as he is in coaxing Mrs. Jenks, of the horse marines, he would be doing the tapeworm statesman a service.

JOHN COCKDRILL calls Ben Butler the old Modoc. This is an excellent title. When the veteran Benjamin gets well into the Lava Beds of the investigation, it will be hard for Bulldozing John to keep up with him.

THE republicans really wanted revolution. They raised a howl about it, and now that the democratic house has made it impossible, they are slurring the action and abusing the men who pledged the party. It is all very funny.

EICHELBERGER is the name of the young man who says the funny things in the Keokuk Constitution. He is about the freshest of them all, but this does him no good. His very name puts the beer on him—and also the cheese.

OUR stalwart friend of the Chicago Inter-Ocean thinks the democrats are scared. That is probably true. They they are afraid of John Sherman and Stanley Mathews, and Noyes, and all the able rascals. The frauds they concocted are enough to scare anybody.

IT appears to us that John Sherman and Shellabarger are wasting their time on Mrs. Jenks, of the ultra-horse marines. They are educating her as a witness to but little purpose, for when Mr. MacMahon and Benjamin B. get through with her, she will have told all she knows.

OLD man Linderman, of the United States mint, has been investigated, and it appears that he has been right naughty. The charges are that he caused stock jobbing reports of the natural resources of the Comstock lode to be published; that he purchased silver at greater than the market rates; that he employed a man in San Francisco whose services were not needed; and that a member of his family received presents from persons having dealings with the bureau.

THE EIGHTH DISTRICT.

If Mr. Stephens should conclude to make a test of his personal popularity by running for congress outside the party, and the democrats should nominate Judge Herschel V. Johnson, the contest would be a very animated one, with long odds in favor of Judge Johnson, who is quite as popular as Mr. Stephens, and quite as deserving of recognition at the hands of his fellow-citizens. We merely throw out the hint, because if there is to be opposition of the kind Mr. Stephens seems to contemplate, the democrats will have need to put their strongest man in the field; and, in looking over the field, that man appears to be Judge Johnson.

THE CONTEST IN THE FIRST DISTRICT.

We stated the other day that in the event Mr. Hartridge declined to become a candidate for re-election the contest would probably lie between Judge Tompkins and Colonel Black. We observe, however, from our exchanges, that Colonel John C. Nicholls, will be in the field, and that Judge John L. Harris, is a possible candidate. The candidature of these gentlemen, all of them prominent and popular men, will infuse a degree of warmth into the contest before the nominating convention that will be interesting, if not exciting. But there will be no bitterness in the contest. Each of the gentlemen named is willing to submit his claims to the decision of the convention, and will most cheerfully abide that decision.

SHERMAN'S LOOSE CHANGE.

John Sherman recently sent a check for five thousand dollars as a present to Don Cameron's bride. A wise patriot would have covered this money into the treasury. The people are poor, and five thousand dollars would help them along considerably. Every little is a gain. They have an enormous debt to pay, and they have to foot the commissions of all sorts of swindling syndicate concerns. And then there is that steal of two hundred millions of dollars recently discovered in the treasury. In short, the people are not only poor and have an enormous debt to pay, but they are swindled on every hand, and if John Sherman has any loose change to give away, he would do well to put it where it will do the people the most good.

THE OREGON ELECTION.

The returns are all in from the counties of distant Oregon, and the official count elects Mr. Thayer, the democratic nominee for governor, by a small but sufficient majority. Mr. Whittaker, the democratic nominee for congress, is elected by nearly 600 majority. The legislature consists of 51 democrats, 36 republicans and 3 independents. Mr. Hipple-Mitchell is clearly elected to remain after the fourth of next March in Oregon. This result is regarded as the muttering of a remarkable political storm—one that will clear away no little foulness and relieve a sorely distressed people. The rats outside of the A. & P. office will discover before the close of November that republicanism is a sinking ship.

THE DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.

Mr. S. A. Echols, a member of the board of trustees of the state's institution, has addressed a letter to the members of the next legislature, replete with facts and suggestions, for their consideration. It reviews the past operations of the institution, from the period of its establishment to the present time, and shows that at no time has the objects of its establishment by the state been fully accomplished. Mr. Echols was the principal movant before the legislature of 1877 for a change in the system of government under which the institution had for years been operated. The legislature made the desired changes, and the result is an increased attendance at the institution about double that of January, 1877. And yet the eighty children in attendance comprise only about one-fourth the number of deaf and dumb persons of school age in the state, needing and asking proper education. The institution cannot furnish suitable accommodation for even the number now in attendance. Mr. Echols appeals to the legislature to furnish accommodations that will enable every deaf and dumb child in the state to receive the benefit of instruction, and pleads that until this is done the objects of the establishment of the institution cannot be accomplished. We bespeak a careful reading of his letter by every member of the legislature, and by all other persons who are disposed to consider the wants of the state's unfortunate children.

ESCOBEDO'S PLAN.

Escobedo seems to be as energetic as he is wily. It was he who patiently plotted against Maximilian, until he was able to order a file of soldiers to put an end to his life. When the star of Diaz rose, he clung to the fortunes of Lerdo, whom Diaz evicted from the presidency. Escobedo holds that Lerdo is the rightful president of Mexico, and so holding he has been plotting for something over a year the overthrow of Diaz. About a year ago his plans were frustrated by his arraignment before the United States authorities at Brownsville. Nothing daunted he bided his time, and now we learn that he has succeeded in gaining a revolutionary foothold south of the Rio Grande.

The seat of revolution is in Coahuila. This state is situated almost entirely on the great plain of Chihuahua, and along its northern border run a range of hills parallel to the Rio Grande. The soil is arid, and vegetation scanty. Monclova is the present capital, situated in the shadows of lofty mountains and containing some 5,000 inhabitants. The state of Nueva Leon, which adjoins Coahuila on the southeast, chiefly occupies the great plain of Monterey and the mountain chain that looms up between that and the Rio Grande. Both these provinces it is now the object of Escobedo and the Lerdist junta to revolutionize. It unsuccessful, the prairies of Texas, just across the river, afford an excellent retreat from the vengeance of Diaz and his myrmidons with little danger of any interference from Gen. Ord.

Piedras Negras, at Eagle Pass, and opposite Fort Clark, where Gen. McKenzie commands with a large force of cavalry, is a small Mexican town only 150 miles from San Antonio. Escobedo calculated on making this town the base of his operations against General Trevino. If he can cope with the latter, who is one of the greatest turncoats in Mexico, his chance of overcoming Canales and seizing Monterey, would be good. This would doubtless lead to a Lerdist uprising and the overthrow of Diaz. There are, however, a great many hard "ifs" in this scheme, and it would be safer to count Diaz as president of Mexico until we get stronger Lerdist news than has yet come to hand. At this writing the general impression is that the revolution is a failure.

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THE MAGAZINES.

The Atlantic Monthly for July is an exceedingly bright and sparkling number. Col. T. W. Higginson, who commanded a regiment of negroes during the war, occupies the first pages in an article entitled, "Some War Scenes Revisited." The article is interesting from the fact that Col. Higginson, who is a most thorough paced radical republican, turns democrat long enough to say that what the south needs is local self-government. We are surprised that the doughty colonel should make such a concession, but none the less does he put us under obligation to him. It is to be hoped that he will prevail upon some of his rampant northern brethren to visit the south, especially Georgia and South Carolina, and contrast the prosperity of the blacks in the one with their poverty and depravity in the other. But we are digressing, as the story-writers say. S. Weir Mitchell contributes a batch of verses based upon the fact that during the fight between the Alabama and the Kearsage the noise of the cannon was heard in English churches. We are almost prepared to say that Mr. Mitchell is a Philadelphia poet—for only the poets of that city can use the anti-climax as perfectly as it is used in these Kearsage verses. The subject is poetical enough, but Mr. Mitchell seems to possess too much of the style Philadelphian for that sort of work. Mr. Moncure D. Conway, in an artice entitled "Romance of a Family," gives an account of a spiritualist seance in London in 1762, more than one hundred years ago, which might well have occurred in Boston in June, 1878. Mr. J. T. Trowbridge contributes one of his characteristic poems, entitled "The Old Man of the Mountains," and Mr. Allan B. Magruder considers, in connection with the eastern question, the will of Peter the Great. This will is a carefully devised programme for subjugating Europe to Russian sway, and, to say the least, is an interesting document. The first chapters of Mr. Henry James, jr.'s, new novel, "The Europeans," are given, and if the rest of the story is to be judged by these, it will prove to be a remarkably brilliant contribution to American fiction. There are other notable articles in addition to those already mentioned, but we can only refer here to the entertaining and instructive paper on "Americanisms," by Mr. Richard Grant White, and to the exquisite little "Song," by Edmund Clarence Stedman, which we printed yesterday. In addition to all this, "The Contributors' Club" is unusually entertaining, and the department of "Recent Literature" shows unmistakably the impress of Mr. Howells's thumb and forefinger.

The July number of the Eclectic is an unusually good number of a usually good magazine. The selections from the pages of foreign periodicals are made with great taste, tact and discrimination. They are always the best and the best are always brilliant. Among the notable articles in the July number are: Man and Science—a Reply to Tyndall; the Eastern Crisis, by Goldwin Smith; Vienna and Viennese Life; the Earth's Place in Nature; the Mænad's Grave; Edmund Burke; the State of Paris before the Outbreak of the Revolution, by H. Taine; the Gardener Bird; Macleod of Dare. A novel. By William Black; Our Future Hope—an Easter Hymn. Dean Stanley. Memorials of a Man of Letters, Morley; and the Greatness of the Romans, Smith.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

Congress has put a great many questions over to the short session that should have been disposed of during the long one. The session began on the fifteenth day of October, and the eight months of parliamentary work should have yielded larger practical results. Of all the subjects remitted to next winter's three-months session, perhaps none is more important than that of the electoral count. The good people of 1789 did not have in their mind's eye returning boards and John Shermans; for their representatives in convention assembled made no provision against a theft of the presidency. They provided for the coming of the man on horseback, but not a line did they insert against the acts of visiting statesmen and domiciled scoundrels. The honest old souls did not foresee that under the mighty protection of "our second Washington" it would be as easy to steal states as chickens. Mr. Hartridge's report shows that the only clause in the constitution which could be invoked to try the title of the president and vice president to their respective offices, that which gives the supreme court original jurisdiction in "cases" or "controversies" between a state and citizen of another state, cannot by any possibility be made to cover the case of a bill filed by a state to oust from office a person who has been declared elected thereto by the two houses of congress, in pursuance of the constitution. Hence the house did right to declare that the forty-fourth congress had finally settled the presidential title; that this congress could not lawfully re-open the question; that no subsequent congress could disturb that title; that the congress could not confer power on courts to overturn the title.

This decision serves to confirm the duty of congress to make provision against future attempts to steal the presidency. The so-called Peril of the Nation is not force but fraud. A bold usurper would be speedily disposed of, but the insidious work of the corruptionist remains with us. It should, therefore, be the first duty of the short session to make a repetition of the crime of 1876 impossible. Something stronger than the fathers gave us is needed to keep the modern politician from acts of forgery, perjury and subornation of those crimes. His conscience—he has not got one, and a healthy public sentiment has not of late been the boast of this country.

There are several plans before congress, Mr. Edmunds' being the best known. The essential principle of his bill is, that each state should make provision for the settlement of its electoral controversies. It provides that when there is but one return from a state it shall not be rejected except by the affirmative votes of both houses of congress; that when there is more than one return from a state the votes of those electors shall be counted who have been lawfully appointed according to the decision of the proper state tribunal; that when there shall be any question as to which of two or more state tribunals is the proper one the votes "of those electors, and those only, from such state shall be counted whose title as electors the two houses, acting separately, shall concurrently decide is supported by the decision of the tribunal of such state so provided for by its legislature;" and that "in such case of more than one return, or paper purporting to be a return, from a state, if there shall have been no such determination on the question in the state as aforesaid, then those votes, and those only, shall be counted which the two houses, acting separately, shall concurrently decide to be the lawful votes of the legally appointed electors of such state."

Mr. Southard's plan involves an amendment of the constitution; but that part of it which relates to the settlement of electoral disputes in the states, and which does not differ in any important particular from Mr. Edmund's plan—except that it authorizes the two houses concurrently to overrule an unquestioned decision by a state tribunal—may be carried into effect by a single act of congress.

Mr. Edmund's bill has been reported, and we hope the first important work of the next session will consist in framing an acceptable act based upon it. The changes need not be many. The next session offers the best opportunity that will occur in years to frame a just and impartial measure; for after the fourth day of next March both houses of congress will be democratic. It is best for all concerned that a bill on this important subject should be prepared that will be acceptable to both parties. We want in this matter not partizanship but profound statesmanship.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

A Word About the "Pathfinder."

MACON, GA., June 17, 1878.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Was there any question as to the election of Buchanan over Fremont in '56? I've noticed such a statement lately. Where was Fremont born? B.

There was no serious question, but the point was raised this way: Buchanan received 173 votes, Fremont 114, and Fillmore 8. Pennsylvania was counted for Buchanan, but Fremont's friends claimed that there were irregularities in the Philadelphia election. If Pennsylvania's 27 votes had been taken from Buchanan and given to Fremont the vote would have stood: Buchanan 146, Fremont 141, Fillmore 8. The election would have then gone to the house, where Fremont claimed to have a majority of the votes. 2d. Fremont was born in Savannah, Ga., in 1813.

The Philharmonic Quartette.

ATLANTA, GA., June 19, 1878.

MESSRS. EDITORS: What has become of the Philharmonic Quartette? It was the best of our amateur singing clubs, and we should hate to see it die out. L. S.

It was disbanded for awhile, but we believe has been reorganized through the efforts of its friends. It would certainly be a misfortune to see it dissolved for good.

IN GENERAL.

—The whole thing in a nutshell—The worm.

—Mr. Anderson's rich auburn hair should serve as a beacon to all future visiting statesmen.

—William Cullen Bryant wrote readable poetry when he was 14, and good editorials when he was over 70.

—Hereafter the Kaiser proposes to have his pantaloons and waistcoat lined with six-inch boiler iron.

—The Boston Transcript complains that General Butler was sent to congress to fight Ben Hill, not president Hayes.

—Bismarck never achieved any greatness until after forty years of age. Just mark the difference between him and James E. Anderson.

—Bishop Whittle, of Virginia, refuses to administer confirmation to any man or woman who persists in the practice of round dancing.

—A pretty schoolmistress in Malden Mass., kept a boy fifteen minutes after school as a punishment, and when the time was up he asked her if she could not make it half an hour.

—The coaching boobies are being spilled about in New England, and some of them are getting broken bones; but they can't expect to be Englishmen all at once.

—"Make yourself necessary, young man," says Josh Billings, "and success is certain." Aye, aye, good philosopher; but suppose the young man makes himself necessary in a breach of promise suit?

—A New York correspondent states that Hurlbert, of the World, is going to Europe, and will be succeeded by Mr. Schuyler, of its editorial staff. Who owns the paper and directs its politics just now are mysteries.

SENATOR HILL ON THE CURRENCY.

I had a long talk with Senator Hill on the financial question. He says that the only thing that is needed now to make the country happy and prosperous, is a repeal of the tax of ten per cent on state money. He says that he is satisfied that the law is unconstitutional; that they have no more right to deprive the people of this issue than they have to say they shall not incorporate a bank. He is going to take charge of this matter and and push it through with all his ability and vigor. He says he would have done it at this session, but that it was necessary that the currency question as to the relative value of gold, silver and greenbacks should be definitely settled before any steps were taken on this line. At the next session he will make it a specialty. He says it will lower the rate of interest in our state to six per cent, and put it in the power of our farmers and business men to raise money on their lands and other property at a reasonable rate of interest for twelve months, or longer if necessary. He says we have and will keep the three hundred and forty millions in greenbacks in circulation; that this with the gold and silver and national bank bills, if they do not retain them, will do to bank on. We can then get money in Georgia without consulting Wall street, and without having a middle man to deal with. If you want fifty thousand dollars in Georgia, you go to a banker, show your collateral, which must be of the very best kind; he telegraphs to Wall street to know if you can have the money. They generally let him have it for 60 or 90 days for 6 or 7 per cent; the banker lets you have it for 60 or 90 days for 10 or 12 per cent, which always ends in breaking the borrower and adds to the wealth of the Wall street man. This is not only the case in large transactions, but in small ones. Our banks have not enough money to do the discounting business; and when it comes to moving the crops it is utterly impossible to move a peg without first consulting Wall street.

He says it won't bother anybody to have money that will pass in Georgia and won't pass out of it. We will still have all we have got now, and it is necessary to have a currency that will stay with us. Suppose, he said, the Georgia railroad, the Central railroad and Western and Atlantic railroad and the Atlanta and Charlotte railroad were to each issue one million dollars in bills, who would refuse to take them? Suppose the Merchants' bank were to issue a bill signed by Maj. Campbell Wallace as president and Maj. Henderson as cashier, or the Citizens' bank a bill with Judge Perino Brown as president and Mr. Patterson as cashier, who would refuse to take it? If, said he, the parties just named were to issue bills in our state, what a relief it would be to the people of the state? If all the sound corporations in the state were to issue bills it would add to the material wealth of Georgia; fill up all her waste places and put every man at work in her fertile fields, rich gold mines and mineral beds; her water powers would be improved, and made to manufacture all her products; her people would become rich, happy and prosperous; and all this, he says, can be accomplished by relieving us of the tax on state money.

I haven't a doubt but that this is the only salvation for our people. When Mr. Hill talks on your side he is the best talker in the world.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Postmaster General Key told me this morning that the reductions made by the house in the appropriation for the postoffice department were so great that he feared that he would have to take off the mail cars on the different lines of roads and do away with the route agents. They have reduced the salary of one of his railway managers and abolished the office of the other and he fears he will have serious trouble to get along with the mail service. It is possible that our democratic house has been too economical.

What Mr. Stephens Should Say.

Augusta Chronicle.

For many years Mr. Stephens has prided himself upon his adherence to the principles of democracy. He is well aware that independentism now is simply radicalism in disguise, and the more dangerous because of the disguise. He cannot desire to do anything to weaken and disintegrate the noble organization that from the days of Jefferson to the present time has borne aloft the banner of civil liberty and equal rights. He must feel that the success of the radical party means the ruin of the people, and that the defeat of the democracy means the death of republican institutions. The truly great man is prompt to repair the effect of unintentional wrong-doing. Let Mr. Stephens say to the democracy of the eighth district: "I have confidence in your judgment and sense of honor. You have trusted me; I will trust you. Preserve your party organization; maintain your party discipline; hold your party conventions as you have been in the habit of doing, and if I have lost your confidence—if you deem me unworthy to represent you—I will bow to your decision." If Mr. Stephens will say this, and there is nothing in it that an honorable man might hesitate to utter, he will find himself stronger in the affections of the people than he has ever been before.

Only the Preface of More Comment.

Athens Banner.

For robust egotism, for gigantic self-importance, and for base ingratitude, far excelling anything within the annals of history, we would cite an outraged and insulted democracy to the recent letter of Hon. A. H. Stephens to his constituency of the 8th congressional district. Just to think that this man, who, in a great degree, owes his all to the people of the old 8th district, calls them tricksters and attempts to bemean them for even venturing to criticise his public acts. Just to think that after thus terming them, he says in substance, "you fools, if you should accidentally, intentionally or otherwise nominate me, I will accept it, tricksters though you be, but should you, acting upon my insult, see fit to do otherwise, that I, the great apostle of wisdom, the Magnus Apollo, will teach you a lesson by running independent and rough-shot over your rights, your liberties and those customs which are only good when I and my political interests are advanced thereby." We propose in our next to give a full review and criticism of the letter of this man who so complacently calls the people fools and tricksters, and compares himself to Socrates and Julius Cæsar.

Ohio Statesmen Below Par.

Washington Letter Springfield Republican.

The American eagle is not now much in love with Ohio statesmen of any grade or condition. I do not know that New York statesmen inspire more confidence, but they know better how to take care of themselves. I hardly think the country will be looking toward Ohio for political Solomons now for some years; the crop is probably exhausted there. Some newspaper wit has condensed John Sherman's answers to the committee into this form: "I guess I am innocent, but I don't know." The whole aspect of affairs has been changed by the ten days' testimony before Potter's committee, and it now seems almost certain that the democrats will have the next congress in their hands, to do as they please. The Oregon election is probably an intimation of what may be expected in many other states.

Gath's Remarkable Art.

Washington Post.

George Alfred Townsend says that Gen. Grant expects to be the republican candidate for president in 1880, Gen. Sherman the democratic candidate, and Gen. Butler the national candidate. We mention this for the purpose of calling attention to the peculiarly artistic way George Alfred has of telling things sometimes. Setting out to promulgate the alarming statement that Gen. Sherman expects to be the democratic candidate, he carefully sandwiches it in between two other statements which everybody knows to be true at sight. It is this peculiar refinement of art that has given George the unparalleled reputation he enjoys.

Key and Stephens Not True Prophets.

Philadelphia Chronicle.

Alexander H. Stephens has by this time learned to know that when he dies all the wisdom of the world will not die with him. His predictions in regard to the Potter inquest, like those of Key, were not the inspiration of true prophecy. Friday's vote on the resolution protesting against the opening of the presidential electoral question ought to satisfy him that his fellow democrats are not nearly as revolutionary as he and Key painted them. Even great men sometimes allow their fears to get the better of their discretion.

Epitaphs on the Living.

Washington Post.

Modest congressmen are astonished at their own gigantic greatness when they read in their home organs two-column reviews of their statesmanlike labors in the service of the republic. These carefully prepared articles derive additional value from the fact that they show the same fidelity to truth that one is accustomed to notice in epitaphs.

Have the Socialists Done This?

Chicago Tribune.

Can there—oh! can there—be any truth in the terrible rumor that Captain Bogardus has gone to Europe as a socialist agent, having been employed to shoot 100 successive kings in 100 successive capitals, an ounce and a quarter of shot, twenty yards rise and eighty yards boundary, H. and T. traps?

Divide the White Vote.

Philadelphia Times, Ind.

Alexander H. Stephens is about to start the independent ball in the solid south, and every body who loves the stirring up of dry bones of any sort will welcome him to his good work. It can't but be healthy in its results, no matter whether Mr. Stephens is right or wrong.

Morton's Vacant Brogans.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

Morton's shoes are still empty. No man in Indiana is great enough to fill them. The little men who jump into them and shout, "Follow me to victory" in the fierce tones of a ten-ounce black-and-tan fill them about as full as a pickaninny would fill the crater of Vesuvius.

The Great Western Proportion.

Baltimore Gazette.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat advises the republicans of Illinois that in constructing their platform they should put in one part Hayes to nine parts Grant. That is said to be the proposition which suits the barbarians of the west.

Another Gun Spiked.

Washington Post.

The report of the senate committee that there is no evidence of fraud in the Oregon case spikes another republican gun and ruins an assorted variety of easy jokes in three syllables about Cronic's nose.

Division of the Whites.

Springfield Republican, rep.

The first steps to normal politics in the south is a division of the white vote, and the indication that such a division must soon come are happily increasing.

Eating is a Torture,

And sleep often a mere travesty of repose, to the dyspeptic. Appetite is correspondingly impaired by this most prevalent of maladies, and headaches, biliousness, constipation, poverty of the blood, loss of flesh and of vitality, and a thousand annoying and indescribable sensations, are its concomittants. It is, moreover, the progenitor of numerous and formidable bodily disorders. Obstinate as it is, however, its complete eradication may be effected by the persistent use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine which communicates both vigor and regularity to the organs of digestion and secretion, relaxes the bowels gently but thoroughly, enriches and purifies the blood, promotes appetite, and gives tranquility to the nervous system. Persons of weakly constitution and feeble physique who use this superb tonic infallibly derive from it the stamina of which they stand so much in need, and it is invariably successful in remedying and preventing malarial diseases.
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QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. "*Seal of North Carolina*," at the same price?"
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My Ware House and Store and its immense lot of Metallic and Wooden Burial Cases and Caskets is at No. 36 West Alabama streets. The finest Hearse in the State. Will attend Funerals at reasonable rates. Funeral Notices given in city papers free of charge.
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Admission, 50 cents. Children, 25 cents.
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I RESPECTFULLY inform my friends and patrons for the last twelve years, that I am fully prepared to do Rock Masonry and Brick work of all descriptions that is used in our city. I also make the best of
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UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.
SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weeks), begin 11th July, 1878, and end 12th September. Have proved of signal use—1st, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other Law school; 2d, to those who propose to read privately; and 3d, to practitioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O., University of Va.,) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law.
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WE will pay ten dollars reward for the arrest, with proof to convict of any person stealing THE DAILY CONSTITUTION delivered by our Carriers to subscribers in this city.
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Amusements.

FOR TRINITY CHURCH
MR. HENRY W. GRADY
Has consented to repeat his famous Lecture,
"THE PATCHWORK PALACE,"
which created such a sensation last summer, for the benefit of Trinity Church at the unanimous request of the official members. The Lecture will take place IN THE CHURCH, on
Thursday Night, June 20th, 1878
Commencing at 8½ o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents; Children half price. For sale at Phillips & Crew's, Chamberlin & Boynton's, and Constitution office.
This will be the only opportunity offered of hearing this lecture, and all should get tickets and attend. 350 June14...dtd

EXCURSION TO CAVE SPRING.
Wednesday, June 26, 1878. Leaving Atlanta at 7 o'clock, A. M., returning at 10:45 P. M.—seven hours at Cave Spring.
ON WEDNESDAY, 26th June, the Deaf and Dumb School at Cave Spring will close for the term, with examination exercises. On that day a marriage will be celebrated between one of the officers of the institution, and one of the young lady graduates—both of whom are deaf and dumb.
At the request of the Board of Trustees, and of the Principal of the Institution, an opportunity will be offered to the public of enjoying a trip to the Cave Spring on that day. In addition to the exercises at the Deaf and Dumb Institution, a visit to the great Cave and Springs from which the town gets its name, will lend attractions to the trip. The party will be carried through without change of

The Constitution.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—It is never too late to subscribe for THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION.

—Osgood Sanders is primping up for one or two commencements.

—We trust the insect discussion will not be allowed to drag.

—The early peach has begun to enlarge, and the fitful worm seems to have vacated.

—Waterman, of the LaGrange Reporter, probably has enough commencement to last him until the conclusion.

—Hansell, of the Thomasville Enterprise, can jump further to get on a moving train of cars than any man in the business.

—A majority of the Georgia editors are now engaged in sharpening their fangs upon the crafty peach and the deceitful watermelon.

—The great American, Sir William Goat, still infests Gordon. He meets every train and frequently looks after the baggage of the passengers.

—Our exchanges have apparently lost all interest in the question, When will Atlanta build the new capitol? This used to be the all absorbing topic.

—With respect to these seedling peaches that science has developed, they should be thoroughly sandpapered if it is thought desirable to swallow them whole.

—The postal card season is about over. We received only one yesterday, and that one was merely an inquiry as to the average range of the thermometer at Omaha.

—To Colonel Frank Gordon, of the Planter—Will you never let up? We shall be compelled to recede from the position formerly occupied and appeal to a peas congress.

—Judging from Bryant's Republican, the negro vote, so far as it is under the control of the republicans, will be polled solidly for the independents whenever they make the race. Fortunately, however, the republicans do not control the solid negro vote as of yore.

—An old man in Jones county has quit the church because he was fool enough to get mixed up in a yellow jacket's nest. The next thing you know some fellow who gets run over by a buggy or allows a dog to bite him, will be suing some of the church deacons for damages. Our civilization proceeds rather than progresses.

—Mr. N. B. Brooks, of Milledgeville, is dead.

—The colored people of Oglethorpe want to buy an organ for their church.

—A railroad mass-meeting will be held in Swainsboro on the fourth of July.

—Mr. George Morris, of Emanuel county, killed a very fine deer one day last week.

—The Georgia Teachers' association will hold its next session in Barnesville on the 31st of July.

—Commencement exercises of the North Georgia Agricultural college, at Dahlonega, begins July 3.

—Walton County Vidette: Many of our planting friends are "laying by" their corn crops.

—Rumors that a majority of the county of Richmond is against any change in the fence law.

—Mr. S. B. Owen, of Talbot county, one day last week lost forty chickens from eating salted dough.

—The steamer City of Macon has landed in Savannah, with the marble for the confederate monument in Augusta.

—Mr. Henry Daniel, living in the vicinity of Howard, extracted three hundred pounds of honey from nine bee hives.

—Milledgeville Union and Recorder: Mr. J. M. Martin says that without an accident he will make corn enough to do him two years.

—Major T. A. Brown, of Talbotton, assisted in the planting of the first orange trees at Mellonville, Fla., over thirty years ago.

—Athens Watchman: A great many visitors are in the city for the purpose of witnessing the commencement exercises of the Lucy Cobb institute.

—Milledgeville Union and Recorder: A farmer of experience says Baldwin county is in better condition to-day than it has been since "freedom" bloomed.

—Talbotton was founded in 1828. Since this date only six men have been killed within the corporate limits of the town. Only two men have been hung in the place during that time.

—Athens Watchman: There is more whisky drank in Athens on Saturday nights than there is in all the days and nights of the weeks put together. This is saying a great deal when it is known that there are four bar-rooms in a radius of fifty yards that do a thriving business every day in the year.

—McDuffie Journal: Considerable sickness exists in Thompson and vicinity at present—principally whooping cough. Nearly every family in the community has suffered or is now suffering from this disease. Five or six deaths have occurred. The rains continue and the crops are about the best ever known in this section, but the superstitions are in constant dread of some terrible convulsion of nature by which their present bright prospects are to be blighted.

—Augusta Chronicle: Two men, who said they were Pennsylvanians, passed through Augusta yesterday afternoon on their way to the north, with two large cages containing one hundred and thirty young mocking birds caught in Bullock county, Ga. They said they would probably lose a number of the birds, but enough would remain to make the venture profitable. Full grown mocking-birds sell a for high price in the large northern cities. Bird hunters come out to Georgia from the north every spring and carry back with them large numbers of the fledglings which are taken from the nests. If a stop is not put to this wholesale plundering of mocking-bird's nests, the charming notes of this pride of the southern woods will soon cease to be heard and the wonderful songster will pass away entirely.

—Milledgeville Recorder: Occurred last Friday afternoon by which four of the trustees of the lunatic asylum, Colonel L. N. Whittle, Colonel J. S. Pinckard, General S. P. Myrick and Captain T. F. Newell, received painful injuries. They had met at the asylum to look after the affairs of the institution, and visiting the water works about one mile distant, they occupied together a spring wagon. In passing over a rough, rocky road near Thomas's mill, a wheel of the vehicle broke and the gentlemen were thrown with considerable violence upon the rocks. Colonel Whittle struck on his head, and was insensible for some moments. Colonel Pinckard was considerably bruised, receiving injuries in a shoulder and side. Captain Newell received several ugly gashes in the ace and bled profusely. General Myrick was more fortunate, and escaped with a slight injury to one of his knees. The doctors at the asylum were unable to find any broken bones, and we trust these gentlemen will soon recover entirely from their injury. Colonels Whittle and Pinckard left for their homes on Saturday afternoon. Captain Newell has been confined to his room since the accident.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

—Gov. Nicholls, of Louisiana, has only one arm and one leg.

—Knoxville will soon have home-made ice, at one cent per pound.

—The remains of Zachary Taylor have been buried in three graves, and will soon be removed to a fourth.

—A Mississippi paper says that land can be bought at 10 cents an acre, but the people prefer whisky at 15 cents a drink.

—The City Council of Dallas, Texas, having cut off the water supply, the insurance companies have advanced their rates.

—North Carolina contains 3,025 distilleries, the largest number of any state in the union. Kentucky comes next with 754 distilleries.

—The Texas farmers are not complaining of hard times, as they are but little in debt and have the finest crop prospect known for years.

—At 12 o'clock Saturday, the Louisiana jockey club building was sold under execution by the sheriff for the sum of $30,000. The purchaser is M. A. Dauphin.

—Well informed cotton men say Montgomery will receive two thousand more bales before the end of the season, which is August 31st, this would make the total receipt since the 1st of September 106,797.

—Austin Statesman: It costs the people of Texas $168 to convict a man and send him to the penitentiary, and there are now about 2,000 in the penitentiary, and therefore it costs the people $336,000 to send them there and how much to keep them there may be imagined, but cannot be told.

—The Manderin (Fla.) Advertiser says: In a former issue of this paper mention was made of the large century plant (*Agave applanta*) growing on the premises of Mr. J. D. Mead. This plant has at time of present writing attained the gigantic height of thirty-five feet; has many branched out and is ready to open its flowers almost immediately. This is probably the largest plant of the kind on record, for in its native home, Mexico, the stem seldom exceeds twelve feet in height.

WALTON, Cass County, Indiana, April 10th, 1878.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D;

Dear Sir—Your Pleasant Purgative Purgative Pellets are the most efficient, yet mild, carthartic I ever used. They have cured me of indigestion, liver complaint, and constipation. Yours truly, FRANK WILLARD.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers.

Don't fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and, by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother.

455 feb28...d&wlyr

Special Notice.

We control the sale of the "Proceedings of the Constitutional Convention" held in this state in 1877, compiled and published by the Atlanta Constitution publishing company. It contains the debates stenographically reported in full on all the important questions before said convention, and the votes on all questions determined by the convention. It is indispensable to all lawyers and business men. The book is over 500 pages octavo size, and will be mailed postpaid to any address on receipt of one dollar. Only a limited number of copies now for sale of this valuable book, and those who want it will have but a short time to supply themselves. PHILLIPS & CREW,

Booksellers and Stationers.

191 jun9-d1m.

Special Notices.

THE FAMOUS

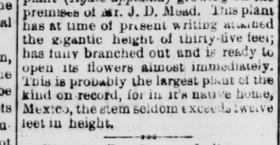
MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER

Which for nearly half a century has wrought such WONDERFUL CURES of KIDNEY DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA and CANCER may be had of all druggists. Its curative properties are almost miraculous. For Pamphlets containing remarkable cures address MISSISQUOI SPRINGS, FRANKLIN COUNTY, VERMONT.

97 jan6...d3m feb17 apr2 to june19

Iron Works.

METROPOLITAN WORKS



Canal Street from Sixth to Seventh

RICHMOND, VA

ENGINES, portable and stationary, SAW MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS of BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c. MACHINERY for Gold and Coal Mines, Blast Furnaces, &c.

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINES, for agricultural and other purposes. Also, to our new styles SMALL LOCOMOTIVES for hauling lumber, and other articles upon tramways and narrow gauge railways.

The best Planters regard our GINNING ENGINES superior to any in use. Send for Illustrated Catalogue free. Other things being equal encourage Southern institutions.

Repair work solicited and promptly done. Shafting, Pulleys, &c., for Gin Houses.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.

98 jan26...d&wly

Administrator's sale.

IMPORTANT TO

Railroad Contractors and Others

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.

BY virtue of an order from the Ordinary of Fulton county, I will sell before the Court House door of said county, at public outcry, on

Tuesday, 2d Day of July

proximo, between the legal hours of sale, the following personal property belonging to the estate of Thomas Alexander, late of said county deceased, to-wit:

TWENTY-ONE (21) GOOD, LARGE MULES, many of them young and extra fine, TWENTY-FIVE (25) R. R. CARTS, in good condition TWENTY WHEELBARROWS, a lot of ROCK HAMMERS, CROW-BARS, BLACKSMITH TOOLS, ONE PAIR PLATFORM SCALES, ONE DERRICK and various other articles used in Railroad Contracting.

B. H. BROOMHEAD,

Adm'r of Thomas Alexander, deceased.

Atlanta June 16 1878—sun tues thur td

COLLEGE GRADUATE,

FOR two years Family Tutor, desires September engagement in family or school. WM. C. THAYER, 150 Nassau Street, N. Y.

393 june18 d6t

GLAZED SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Builders' Hardware, &c.

PRICES:

GLAZED SASH PER PAIR.	$0 70	$1 15,	$1 35,	$1 65, $1 85.
OUTSIDE BLINDS PER PAIR.	$0 95,	$1 15,	$1 30,	$1 40, $1 60.
FOUR PANEL DOORS—1INCH.	$1 00,	$1 05,	$1 10,	$1 25.
FOUR PANEL DOORS—1 3-16.	$1 25,	$1 40,	$1 55,	$1 70, $1 85.
FOUR PANEL DOORS—1¼	$1 45,	$1 60,	$1 75,	$1 95.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

Remember the place,

30 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

F. W. HART.

511 mar31...dtf may19...

Business Directory.

PROF. E. H. KRUGER,

Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice.

DIRECTOR of Rossini Musical Club and Organist at the First Methodist Church and Jewish Synagogue. Lessons given at pupil's home if desired. Address at Phillip's & Crew's, or residence 67 West Harris street.

213 june11 d6mo

Lawyers.

GEO S. THOMAS,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in all the Courts—State and Federal. 77 june6.d3m

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

Offices (5 and 6 Centennial Building) No. 1 Whitehall Street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in the Supreme Court, the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, and in the Superior and City Courts of Atlanta. 6 my3 d&wly

W. L. CALHOUN,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GA.,

HAS removed from his old office to rooms 1 and 2 Railroad block, up-stairs corner Wall and Peachtree streets, opposite National Hotel. Prompt attention to all professional business. may26...d1m

JAMES B. PARK,

Attorney at Law,

GREENESBORO, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in Greene, Morgan, Baldwin, Hancock, Taliaferro, Oglethorpe, Clarke, Richmond, Warren and McDuffie counties. Refers to Hon A H Colquitt, Governor of Georgia; Hon A H Stephens, Member of Congress. 336 feb19...feb7,1878...d&w

J. B. REDWINE,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

OFFICE, No. 14½ Whitehall treet, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon. John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 389 june26...dtf

S. G. McLENDON,

Attorney at Law,

THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.

COLLECTIONS promptly attended to. Office corner Broad and Jackson streets, opposite Mitchell House. 92 feb5,1878. d6m

ALBERT L. MITCHELL,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GA.

AS Solicitor General of the Western Circuit, will attend regularly the Superior Courts in the counties of Banks, Clarke, Franklin, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Oconee, Rabun, Walton and White, and will represent parties litigant in any cause in which the State of Georgia is not an interested party.

376 mar17 d1y

LAW CARD.

CAREY W. STYLES. JAMES U. VINCENT

STYLES & VINCENT,

Attorneys & Counselors at Law,

CANTON, Cherokee County, GEORGIA,

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, and of Bartow, Gordon and Hall; in all the Courts of Cherokee county; in the United States District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia. Land cases and criminal law made specialties, and all business by mail or at office, will be promptly attended to 342 apr16...d3m

ATLANTA, GA., MAY 1st, 1878.

Extract from Minutes Atlanta Cotton Exchange.

RESOLVED, In view of the great loss and inconvenience arising in handling Cotton baled in light flimsy Gunny Bagging, such as has been sold in this market for two years past, the Cotton Test of Atlanta earnestly requests all planters to stop the use of said Bagging, and bale their Cotton with heavy substantial stuff; we especially urge this, knowing that to bale Cotton in heavy Bagging, works no hardships on the Planter, but on the contrary is profitable to him.

We hereby pledge ourselves, that, if we find at the opening of another season parties continuing to bale their Cotton in this flimsy worthless stuff, to demand an allowance of one dollar on every bale so covered, reserving to ourselves, however, the right to totally reject.

We also earnestly request Planters to avoid the use of what is known as Straw Bagging, as such Bagging stains and discolors Cotton when the bales become wet. Exporters and Spinners, in all directions, are complaining bitterly of this Bagging, and threaten next year to reject entirely Cotton covered with this material.

We, the referee, resolve to reserve the right to reject Cotton packed in this Bagging.

A. T. CUNNINGHAM,

Secretary Atlanta Cotton Exchange.

55 mayss...d1m

Railroads

THE MACON & BRUNSWICK R. R

—AND THE—

CUMBERLAND ROUTE

TO ALL POINTS IN

FLORIDA.

Passenger Service.

THE above line offers unrivalled time facilities and comforts from Atlanta and contiguous country to all points in Florida. In Passenger Service this route is one train quicker than any other line. Leave Atlanta daily, Sundays included, via Macon, Brunswick and Fernandina, at 2:05 p m. In conveniences, appointments, and outfit the line is unsurpassed. Lucas Palace Sleepers on all night trains. Tickets on sale at the Union Depot

Freight Service.

In Freight Service this line has connections via Brunswick with a line of Steamers, in addition to its own, by which superior facilities and prompt dispatch is offered in freights via Brunswick to Darien, all points on the Satilla River, St. Marys, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and all points on the Upper St. Johns River. Also to all points on the Atlantic Gulf and West India Transit Co's. R. R. to Cedar Keys, and points on the Gulf; and to points on the Jacksonville, Pensacola and Mobile Railroad. RATES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. Dispatch equal to any line, and to some points greatly superior, being daily. All claims promptly adjusted.

For rates, routes, and any and all other information, either in passenger or freight service, please communicate with the Atlanta Agent of the Line, or the undersigned at Macon, Georgia.

HENRY M. DRANE,

Gen. Freight, Ticket and Passenger Agent.

00 june5...dtf

Atlantic and Gulf R. R.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD, SAVANNAH, May 5, 1878.

ON and after SUNDAY, May 5th, Passenger trains on this Road will run as follows.

DAILY EXPRESS.

Leave Savannah daily at	4:20 p m
Arrive at Jesup daily at	7:30 p m
Arrive at Thomasville daily at	5:30 a m
Arrive at Bainbridge daily at	8:10 a m
Arrive at Albany daily at	9:30 a m
Arrive at Live Oak daily at	3:30 a m
Arrive at Tallahassee daily	5:30 p m
Arrive at Jacksonville daily at	9:45 a m
Arrive at Tallahassee daily at	9:55 a m
Leave Jacksonville daily at	3:45 p m
Leave Live Oak daily at	9:40 p m
Leave Albany daily at	2:20 p m
Leave Bainbridge daily at	3:15 p m
Leave Thomasville daily at	7:00 p m
Leave Jesup daily at	5:45 a m
Arrive at Savannah daily at	8:40 a m

No change of cars between Savannah and Jacksonville and Savannah and Albany.

Sleeping cars run through to and from Savannah and Albany.

Passengers from Savannah for Fernandina and Cedar Keys take this train.

Passengers leaving Macon at 7:30 a m, (daily except Sunday) connect at Jesup with this train for Florida.

Passengers from Florida by this train connect at Jesup with train arriving in Macon at 5:10 p m (daily except Sunday)

Passengers from Savannah for Brunswick and Darien take this train, arriving at Brunswick 6:45 a m.

Passengers from Brunswick arrive at Savannah 8:40 a m,

No change of cars between Montgomery and Jacksonville.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars run through to and from Savannah and Jacksonville: also, through sleepers between Montgomery, Ala., and Jacksonville, Fla

Connect at Albany with Passenger trains both ways on Southwestern Railroad to and from Macon, Eufaula, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Mail steamer leaves Bainbridge for Apalachicola every Monday afternoon at 6:30 a m.

Close connection at Jacksonville daily (Sundays excepted) for Green Cove Springs, St. Augustine, Palatka, Enterprise and all landings on St. John's river

Trains on B. and A. Railroad leave junction going west Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11:15 a m, and for Brunswick Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4:40 p m.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—EASTERN DIVISION.

Leave Savannah, Sundays excepted, at		7:05 a m
Arrive at McIntosh	"	10:00 a m
Arrive at Jesup	"	12:15 p m
Arrive at Blackshear	"	3:15 p m
Arrive Dupont	"	7:10 p m
Leave Dupont	"	5:15 a m
Leave Blackshear	"	9:35 a m
Leave Jesup	"	1:10 p m
Leave McIntosh	"	3:08 p m
Arrive at Savannah,	"	5:35 p m

WESTERN DIVISION

Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Leave Dupont at	5:00 a m
Arrive at Valdosta at	7:50 a m
Leave at Quitman at	9:15 a m
Arrive at Thomasville at	11:30 a m
Leave Thomasville at	1:00 p m
Leave Quitman at	3:14 p m
Leave Valdosta at	4:45 p m
Arrive at Dupont at	7:00 p m

J. S. TYSON, Master Transportation.

H. S. HAINES,

june16 d1f General Superintendent.

Railroad Schedule.

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., June 2, 1878.

ON and after Sunday, June 9th, 1878, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	9 30 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	6 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	9 16 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 12 a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte for all points West and North.

COMING SOUTH AND WEST.

Leaves Atlanta	11 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 20 a m
Leaves Macon	7 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	8 15 p m
Leaves Augusta	8 30 a m

Making connections at Augusta for the North and East, and at Savannah with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 50 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 00 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	1 45 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	3 30 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	3 56 p m
Arrives at Albany	2 08 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 15 a m
Arrives at Columbus	3 15 p m

THROUGH SLEEPER TO AUGUSTA ON TRAIN No. 2.

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making direct connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line at Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroads at Columbus with Western and Mobile and Girard Railroads.

Eufaula train connects at Fort Valley for Perry daily except Sunday, and at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and returning leave Fort Gaines Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4:47 a m.

Train on Blakeley Extension leaves Albany Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	2 05 p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 55 p m
Leaves Albany	10 10 a m
Leaves Eufaula	8 30 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	4 47 p m
Leaves Columbus	11 00 a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	5 05 p m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 a m

Making close connection at Savannah with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

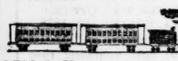
Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah and train No. 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily, except Monday, for those points.

WILLIAM ROGERS, General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah.

W. J. RANDEL, Supt Southwestern Railroad, Macon.

600 june12 dtf

Atlanta & Charlotte Air-Line R'y



TIME TABLES, IN EFFECT JUNE 9, 1878

NO. 1—MAIL TRAIN—EASTWARD.

Time of Arrival	Time of Departure	
A. M.	P. M.	
	2 40	ATLANTA
5 25	5 26	At Lula, Ga., with the Northeast Railroad for Athens, Ga
7 48	7 49	At Seneca, with Blue Ridge Railroad for Walhalla and Belton, Pendleton and Anderson, S. C.
9 38	9 39	At Greenville, S. C., with the Greenville and Columbia Railroad for Williamston, Belton, Honea Path, Due West, Hodges, Cokesbury, Abbeville C H, Greenwood, Ninety six, Newberry, Alston and Columbia
10 55	10 56	At Spartanburg, with the Spartanburg, Union & Columbia Railroad for Union, Santuck, Alston and Columbia, and the Spartanburg and Ashville Railroad, for Tryon Mountain, connecting here with Stages for Flat Rock, Hendersonville, Ashville and Warm Springs N. C. A fine and well finished hotel at the foot of this mountain.
1 14	1 15	At Gaston, with Chester and Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad, for Dallas, Pleasant Ridge, Yorkville and Chester
2 20		At CHARLOTTE, with the Carolina Central Railroad, for Monroe, Wadesboro, Rockingham, Hamlet, Lumberton, Wilmington and intermediate points. With Atlantic, Tenn & Ohio Railroad for Statesville, Newton, Hickory, Morganton, Marion Henry's and Old Fort.
3 30		At CHARLOTTE, with the Richmond and Danville Railroad, for all points North, East and West, and for Virginia Springs.
6 46	6 56	At Greensboro, with Eastern Division N. C. Railroad, for Company Shops, Hillsboro, Durham, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Kinston, Newbern and Beaufort, and Salem Branch Railroad, for Salem and Winston.

NO. 2—MAIL TRAIN—WESTWARD.

Time of Arrival	Time of Departure	
A. M.	A. M.	
	1 10	AIR-LINE JUNCTION.
	1 18	CHARLOTTE.
12 00		AT ATLANTA, Connections with the Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line, A & W. P. R. R.) and the Kennesaw Route, (W. A & R. R.) for all points in Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas and the Northwest. With the Central Railroad of Georgia, for Macon, Savannah, Brunswick, and all points in Southwestern Georgia and Florida. With the Georgia Railroad for Augusta, Charleston, Port Royal and Savannah.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New York without change by this train. Tickets for sale at the principal Ticket Offices throughout the country.

W. J. HOUSTON, G. P. and P. A. G. J. FORRACRE, G. M.

00 june12...dtf

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

Great Kennesaw Route

—VIA—

Western and Atlantic Railroad

ON and after Sunday, June 9th, 1878, Triple Daily Passenger trains will be run by the Old Reliable Kennesaw Route.

The Fast Mail Train North

Leaves Atlanta at	2 15p m
Arrives Knoxville at	10 3 p m
Arrives Bristol at	3 30 a m
Arrives Lynchburg at	1 39 p m
Arrives Washington at	9 15 p m
Arrives New York at	6 45 a m

The Fast Mail Train South

Leaves New York at	8 55 p m
Leaves Washington at	6 35 p m
Arrives Atlanta at	12 05 noon

Only 39 hours from New York to Atlanta.

Pullman Cars run daily between New Orleans Mobile, Montgomery VIA ATLANTA to Washington WITHOUT CHANGE, connecting closely at Washington with Pullman Cars and Coaches for New York without change

Pullman Palace Car leave New York daily, making close connection at Washington with Pullman Cars for Atlanta. Montgomery, Mobile, and New Orleans.

The Kennesaw Route is the only line offering such through car arrangements

No change of trains between New Orleans and New York by the Kennesaw.

THE FAST MAIL TRAIN

Also make close close connection at Chattanooga from and to all points West.

THE EXPRESS TRAIN NORTH

Leaves Atlanta at 7 00 a m

which makes close connection for Rome and all the

Virginia and Tennessee Springs

also at Chattanooga for all points West.

The Express Train South

Arrives at Atlanta 10 40 p m

making connection from all points West. Also from VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE SPRINGS

The Accommodation

Leaves Atlanta daily (except Sunday) 5 00 p m

Arrives Atlanta daily (except Sunday) 8 40 a m

The Kennesaw Route is offering the LOWEST RATES to all Summer Resorts along its line.

Commutation and Monthly Tickets for Summer season at LOW RATES.

Send for Guide Book to Summer Resorts.

R. W. WRENN,

General Passenger Agent,

000 june8...dtf Atlanta, Ga.

Northeastern Railroad.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

Athens, Ga., June 1, 1878

SCHEDULE

ON and after June 10th, 1878, trains on this road will run as follows.

Leave Athens	7.00 a m
Arrive Lula	9:15 a m
Arrive at Atlanta via A L & R	12:00 m
Leave Atlanta via A L & R	2 40 p m
Leave Lula	5:25 p m
Arrive at Athens	7.45 p m.

Trains daily except Sunday.

Close connections made between Athens and Atlanta each way.

J. M. EDWARDS, Superintendent.

000 june9 .dtf

Stoves, &c.

The Celebrated Stewart Cook Stoves

—AND—

OCCIDENTAL RANGES,

NOW FOR SALE BY

H. FRANKLIN.

CORNER HUNTER AND BROAD STREETS.

Over 20,000 of these celebrated Stoves and Ranges have been sold in this country. I am not selling them at former high prices, but rose to enable any one who wishes to get a first class Stove Steam, Gas Fitting, Bath Tubes, Water Closets and Metal Roofing done in first class style.

Hose Reels, Fountains, Kerosene Cook Stoves, Fitting Machines, Water Coolers and Cream Freezers cheap.

All kinds of Grates, Stoves and Ranges at low prices.

Orders from abroad promptly filled. Don't fail to give me a call. 198 mar31...d3m

Yeast Powder.

KELLOGG'S YEAST POWDER

A PERFECT BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure.

Uniform and reliable. Full weight and full strength. Made from standard materials and perfectly wholesome. All Grocers authorized to guarantee it.

187 mar12...d3taw com 6mo

Charleston Acid Phosphate.

FARMERS,

If you wish to make a A HEAVY CROP OF WHEAT next season, put 200 lbs. of

CHARLESTON ACID PHOSPHATE

on your Wheat Stubble—sow in PEAS as soon as possible and turn under the vines before seeding. FOR SALE BY

GEO. W. SCOTT & CO., General Agents,

44 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Also, by Local Agents in all the principal cities and towns in Georgia, Alabama and Florida. 57 june4—d2w tues thur sat

Relief for the Afflicted

A PHYSIOLOGICAL

View of Marriage!

WOMAN IN MARRIAGE

A Guide to Wedlock and Independence. Truths on the duties of married life and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women.

A book for parents, consult-able reading. 336 pages, price 50 cts.

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure. 250 pages, price 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Parent and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., price 10 cts.

Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 900 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 100 cts. Address DR. BUTTS, No. 11 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.

434 aug26...d&wly

Summer Resorts, &c.

New Holland Springs.

Next Station (Two Miles East) Above Gainesville on Atlanta and Charlotte Railroad.

IS NOW OPEN.

TRAMMELL & SMITH.....PROPRIETORS

THIS famous watering place is a delightful retreat for the summer, being surrounded with a beautiful grove of forest trees. A large spring within thirty steps of the hotel flowing *fifteen thousand* gallons of water per hour: its mineral properties being *Magnesia, Iron, Lime* and free carbonic acid gas. There are also the very best Chalybeate and Sulphur springs on the hotel grounds. Table supplied with the *best* this and Atlanta markets afford. Amusements for all Billiards, Bar-quoits, Bowling, &c. Those wishing to hunt or fish will find plenty of game, Bird always in attendance. Bathing accommodations a specialty, and free to guests. Rates $2 per day; $10 per week; $30 per month. Special rates made to families. 142 June8...d2w

Warm Springs,

Western North Carolina.

IS now open for the reception of pleasure seekers and invalids.

This lovely place is situated in the beautiful valley of the French Broad within eight miles of railroad

We have a fine band of music, attentive servants, and all other accommodations to be found at a first class watering place.

For particulars apply for descriptive pamphlet.

W. H HOWERTON, Proprietor.

221 june18...d10t

Catoosa Springs, Georgia.

THIS delightful Summer Resort will be opened for the reception of guests on the 1st of June with an entire change of management. Its fine location, in the healthy and picturesque region of North Georgia, the great variety and medical values of the waters, fine commodious building and easy access combine to render it one of the most desirable watering places in the South. Four trains daily of the Western and Atlantic railroad between Atlanta and Chattanooga pass the depot, two and a half miles distant from the Springs, where comfortable conveyances are always in waiting. The proprietor will endeavor to make it acceptable in every respect to even the fastidious. Terms, $10, $8 50, $7 00 per week, according to length of stay

W. A. SPENCE, M. D., Proprietor.

495 my25...dlm

Porter Springs

—AND—

PIEDMONT HOTEL.

WE have leased and consolidated the Piedmont Hotel at Gainesville, Georgia, on the Air-Line Railway, and the celebrated Porter Springs, 28 miles distant in the mountains, 3,000 feet above sea level. They will be as one house and guests can accomodate at pleasure, stage fare only $2 00. Board $30 per month; children half price. Brass Band and Orchestra during the season. Billiard Tables, Ten Pin Alley, Bath Rooms, &c., &c., free. Greatly improved since last season. For Pamphlets call at Phillips & Crew's Bookstore, or address the Proprietors at Gainesville, Georgia.

JOHN G. TRAMMELL & SON,

Proprietors Piedmont Hotel and Porter Springs

600 may14...dlm

THE

Tate Epsom Spring,

BY THOMAS TOMLINSON.

THIS watering place, well known as furnishing the best medicinal water in the United States, is now ready for the reception of visitors, and will be kept in the best style during the entire season. The curative and restorative results from even a short and limited use of this water have been so signally illustrated in the past, and experienced by such large numbers of persons, residing in every section of the country, that it is deemed unnecessary to present any elaborate exposition or commendation of its singular and wonderful qualities. Personal experience is a more reliable and satisfactory test than any chemical analysis, and thus tried, it has been found without an equal. A correct analysis, however, will be furnished to those who desire it. Thousands have come to this Spring for relief, and but few have gone away without finding it.

No effort to please will be omitted, and every diligence will be used to promote the health, the comfort and pleasure of visitors.

The terms of the house will be made satisfactory.

Morristown, on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad is the nearest railway station, and conveyance running to the Spring connect regularly with all trains.

For full and reliable information as to all matters of detail, address the proprietor, Tate Epsom Spring, East Tennessee, and prompt answers, accompanied by circular, will always be received.

THOS. TOMLINSON, Proprietor.

235 may14...d2m

ROWLAND SPRINGS HYGIENIC INSTITUTE.

Open for Invalid and Hygienic Boarders.

The only Institute South superintended by a regularly qualified Hygienic Physician. It is not a summer resort for the gay and fashionable world—but a place where the sick may at any and all times of the year, depend upon *quiet, rest* and *home-like* surroundings. Neither is it (as erroneously applied and often understood by Hygienic) a *Water Cure* establishment proposing to cure all diseases by inducing excessive action of *one organ*—the skin, but a place where all *real remedial* appliances are judiciously employed as aids in restoring *all* the vital organs to perform normal functions. All *enervating* and *debilitating processes* as well as *medical drug poisons* are positively excluded in the treatment of the sick.

Patients afflicted with *Acute diseases* or suffering from *Old Standing Chronic Complaints*, of every description, may rely upon SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT AND SPEEDY RESTORATION. Hundreds of invalids, after being drugged and dosed almost to death—and given up as incurable by the drugopathic professions—have been speedily and completely restored to health.

Home Prescriptions. Many persons unable to leave family or business, can, by a little knowledge of treatment, be restored to health at home. Description and advice forwarded on receipt of full description of symptoms and duration of disease. Prescription fee $5 00. For circulars and further information address

DR. U. O. ROBERTSON,

Cartersville Ga

Where to Spend the Summer.

IF YOU desire to spend the Summer in a delightful region, amidst picturesque scenery, enjoy the finest summer climate in the world, and secure the comforts of a large, roomy, neatly furnished, airy and well regulated Hotel, address for full particulars, NATIONAL HOTEL

J. Q. A LEWIS, Prop. Dalton, Ga.

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DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency, as the result of self-

Official Announcements.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce J. M. BUICE as a candidate for SHERIFF of Fulton county, at the ensuing election. Subject to the Democratic nomination. If one shall be made.
330 june18 d3w

CRAIGE & CO.,
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WHOLESALE AGENTS
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Get my prices before you buy anywhere else.
Amos Fox, Agt. for Buckeye Oil Works, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Office No. 5 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.
000 apr21—d1f

The Constitution.

TRAVELLING AGENTS:
M. ACTON W. E. JOHNSON

THROUGH THE CITY.

NEWS GLIMPSES FROM OUR REPORTERS' NOTE BOOKS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Col H L Travis, Griffin, Markham.
—Mr C H Hale, Nashville, Kimball.
—Miss Reed, Charleston, Kimball.
—Mr A J Ripson, Rutledge, Markham.
—Mr Geo Dobbs, Marietta, Markham.
—Mr Perry Smith, Florida, Markham.
—Mr Edwin G Wood, Augusta, Markham.
—Mr W H Daniel, Savannah, Kimball.
—Mr J G Gibson, Crawford, Kimball.
—Mr K S Finch, Charleston, Kimball.
—Mr Charles C Sneed, Alabama, Markham.
—Mr Sam Stradley, Greenville, Markham.
—Mr W F Grover, Marietta, Kimball.
—Mr J C C McMahon, Crawford, Kimball.
—Mr J W Henderson, Florida, Markham.
—Mr J W Hightower, Griffin, Markham.
—Mr Henry Mooney, Greenville, Markham.
—Mr G T Davis, LaGrange, Kimball.
—Mr J M Ogden, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr H G Word, Worth county, Markham
—Mr Adam Moffitt, Savannah, Markham.
—Mrs F E Cresswell, Rome, Kimball.
—Mr H Croses, Montgomery, Kimball.
—Judge B F Ira, Macon, Markham.
—Mr Wm A Osborne, Palmetto, Markham
—Mr W K Jones, Cartersville, Kimball.
—Mr Charles R Wells, Savannah, Kimball
—Mr Geo W Warwick, Smithville, Markham.
—Miss Willie Conyers, Covington, Markham.
—Mr Thomas N Conner, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr T J Shepherd, Covington, Kimball.
—Mr Harry T Oliver, Hampton, Kimball.
—Hon C C Kibbee and lady, Hawkinsville, Kimball
—Mr Edward J Young, Roanoke college, Virginia, Kimball
—Mr G J Scovel, Roanoke college, Virginia, Kimball.
—Mrs Virginia C Conyers, Covington, Markham

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—Archery holds its own.
—The resorters are coming in.
—Ponce deLeon is daily improving.
—The Phonograph arrived yesterday.
—Watermelons are no longer curiosities
—The insurance men are handsome, as a rule.
—Picnics have gone into summer quarters.
—Go to Trinity church to-night and be entertained.
—Cape jessamines bloom in Atlanta with rare beauty.
—Patent fruit dryers are to be seen on every corner
—Everything is quiet around the United States courts.
—The celebrated Phonograph begins talking here on Friday.
—Society belles are very popular, but auction bells are a nuisance
—Will Atlanta and Marietta clash again on the base ball question?
—"The Patchwork Palace," for the benefit of Trinity church, to-night.
—It requires four livery stables to do the business of Atlanta in their line.
—Gossip is very lively of late and as usual very loud and wide of the truth.
—The criminal docket of the superior court this term has been very heavy.
—The Atlanta Cadets feel perfectly happy over their proposed trip to Virginia.
—The repetition of the comedy of "Married Life" is expected and wished for.
—The Cincinnati Southern, it is said, will be completed by the fall of the present year.
—Geo Jonhson has gone into mourning over the loss of one of his little cotton pickers.
—The game of base ball bids fair to throw the intellectual game of croquet in the shade.
—Rates will soon be issued over our railroads for visitors to Atlanta on the glorious Fourth.
—A street car mule has a hard time in Atlanta. It is nearly always "up hill" work with him.
—Our Rifle club should send a team to Savannah to take part in the great contest to come off in July.
—Commencement exercises are coming off in our state at present at the rate of three or four per day.
—There will be an excursion to Atlanta from Thomaston on the Fourth of July for the colored people.
—In a few weeks some country exchange will announce the birth of the first bale of new cotton this season.
—The man that does not advertise lives a life of peace and quietude, which is never broken by the call of a customer.
—A large number of our prominent merchants will leave in a few weeks for the eastern markets to purchase their winter stock.
—Bull bats are making their appearance upon our suburbs. The cruel sportsmen will soon be after them with their shot guns.
—It is estimated by turfmen that the race track at Oglethorpe park was ten seconds slow after the rain which fell on Tuesday last.
—The bugle of the gay and festive mosquito will soon be heard in the land. The inventor of iron clad arms is invited to take notice of this fact.
—The officers of McPherson barracks and their families display great taste in the selection of their turnouts when they go out pleasure driving.
—Many of our sewers are so filled with trash and refuse that has been washed from the drains into them that it is impossible to flush them with water.
—There will be an excursion from Athens to Atlanta on the 9th of August, at which time the fire company No 2 will have a contest with the Washington, of Columbus
—A swimming club should be organized, and some large pool leased for a term of years. Dressing rooms and other convenience could be arranged at a small cost. Let some one start the enterprise.
—If the city council would adjourn at a seasonable hour the reporter of this paper would be under any obligations to every member, and especially to the councilman who addresses the body upon every question.
—Rev James E Evans, D D of Atlanta preached in Macon on Sunday. No man of God is more earnest in his efforts for the cause of religion, and he always preaches a gospel sermon and with power and distinctness.
—Several officers of the 10th regiment, U S A., are expected here from Atlanta on the 4th, to visit Major Kellogg and witness our grand celebration. Their splendid band will accompany them.—Chattanooga correspondent Knoxville Tribune

—The Montgomery Advertiser says: The people of Atlanta have donated a beautiful site, specious and commandingly located, upon which will soon arise a new state house, comporting in all things with the pride and dignity of the Empire State."
—In speaking of one of our young lawyers the Griffin News says: Our personal acquaintance is limited to Mr Angier, whom we remember as a student of the university, polished in his manners, and popular with all. He has since leaving college, settled down in Atlanta and devoted himself to that jealous mistress—the law. By close attention to his profession, and diligent study of the law, by his gentlemanly manners, he is building himself up in the Gate City, and is one of the most promising young lawyers in that city. We are glad to note his success, and hope his future may be as prosperous as it is now promising.

SCHOOL AND SCHOLAR.

THE COMMENCEMENTS OF THE PRESENT YEAR.

The Southern Female College—Address of Colonel F H Richardson—At Columbus, Madison and Covington.

A Pleasant Evening.

MISS BALLARD'S MODEL SCHOOL.

We have omitted to notice sooner the admirable entertainment given some evenings ago at Mrs Ballard's select school.

This is one of the finest schools in the south, and is largely patronized by our best people.

Mrs. Ballard is a most accomplished teacher, and has in Miss Hillyer an admirable assistant. The best of French and music teachers are in attendance, and the school is first-class in every respect.

A large crowd witnessed the closing exercises, and all were highly pleased. The entertainment was a fine success. Gov. Colquitt's little speech in delivering the prizes was a model of taste and a gem of advice. We append the programme:

PROGRAMME.

Music, chorus, by class.
The Clionian Society then assembled.
Recitation, House that Jack Built, primary class
Music, song, Miss Mary Wilson.
Reading, City of the Dead, Miss Dessa Dougherty.
Song, When the Tide Comes in, Miss Effie Stuart.
French recitation, Miss Dedie Forsecre.
Music, piano, Miss Lula Garrett
Reading, Beautiful Rain, Miss Olive Barry.
Music, song, Miss Kluert.
Recitation, Angels' Ladder, Miss Dollie Colquitt
Music, instrumental, Miss Jennie Michie.
Lady recitation, *Fides to Speaker*, Miss Cora Winship
Recitation, Those Evening Bells, Miss Carrie Crane.
Recitation, Evening on the Farm, Miss Hattie Colquitt.
Music, Mazurka, Miss M Base.
German recitation, Miss Josephine Seltzer.
Reading, Pledge of Wine, Miss Annie Murphy.
Music, Distant Chimes, class.
Reading, Katie Lee and Willie Gray, Miss Lula Garrett
Music, instrumental, Miss Mary Wilson.
Recitation, Ready for Church, Miss Lucy Dougherty.
Recitation, Message, Miss Mattie Hanby.
Reading, Cuckoo, Miss Mamie Boylston.
French Recitation—Miss Katie Pinckny.
Music (chorus)—Class.
Recitation—"Be True"—Miss Laura Colquitt.
Recitation—"Here She Goes"—Katie Murphy.
Composition—Farewell—Miss M Hanby.
Governor Colquitt then delivered eight prizes, as follows:
Miss M Hanby—Literature.
Misses Mia Forsecre, Katie Murphy, Annie Hill, Dedie Forsecre, Lelia Garrett, Mamie Garrett, Mamie Boylston—For Scholarship, Punctuality and Good Conduct.

Southern Female College—Tuesday.

LAGRANGE, June 18, 1878.

The magnificent chapel of the Southern Female college is admirably arranged to show off a brilliant audience LaGrange is prolific of such audiences, and she furnished one to-day for the celebration of the

CLIONIAN SOCIETY.

This is the only literary society of the institution, and of course the young ladies take great pride in it. Miss Emma Doris wielded the presidential gavel to-day wisely and well, introducing all the readers and the orator with great ease and grace. Readings, compositions and extracts were the order of the day. Misses Eugene Gay, L Ball and L Todd were the best of the occasion. After the conclusion of the regular exercises Miss Fitzgerald, one of the fair editresses, read several sparkling literary treats from the Vox Cliopis, the printed organ of the society. This is one of the most charming college papers in the land, beautifully printed, edited with care and taste, and full to the brim with bright sparkling thoughts and racy sayings.

Among the musical exercises to-day, we mention particularly the violin solo by Master Charlie Cox. This lad is a musical genius. He is only thirteen years of age and has already developed great musical ability, having composed and written several pieces of unusual merit.

MR. F. H. RICHARDSON

covered himself with laurels here. He spoke thirty minutes, and as he closed Judge Poss, of Columbus, turned to your correspondent and remarked that the "possibility of literary effort did not afford anything more appropriately elegant than his speech." The orator ably combatted the fallacy that to educate women to a high degree was to unfit her for the atmosphere of home—to educate her beyond the sphere of the family circle. His style is remarkably polished and graceful.

THE GREAT CONCERT.

Mr. Cox never has a concert that is not a grand success. He never fails to create the highest enthusiasm in this line. Last night's performance was no exceptional case in this handsome record. The programme was a splendid one, and its execution was superb. Its length forbids its publication here. No words of praise can be too great for the merits, labors and accomplishments of the

MISSES COX,

the elegant daughters of the president, who have the music department in charge. Gustave Satter, the world renowned pianist, pronounces them the most accomplished musicians south of Baltimore, and their gifts of mind and heart are as beautiful as the music which washes into melody under the touch of their fairy fingers. The musical department of the Southern Female college is unsurpassed in the south.

JOHN TEMPLE.

Columbus Female College.

JUNIOR DAY.

Tuesday the exercises of the Female College commencement continued. The morning was devoted to the juniors, who read original compositions, and to the annual literary address. A very large audience was present. The following was the programme:

The compositions of the young ladies were as interesting and as charming as their fair composers, and the readings were much enjoyed.

The address of Mr. Cox was brief and decidedly appropriate. There was some disappointment that the gifted orator did not enter largely into his subject and give his audience a very elaborate oration. He, however, saw proper to follow the promptings of good taste and judgment and spoke only thirty minutes, but his speech was just the speech for the occasion. His subject was "Woman's Part in the Duty of Patriotism." He clearly demonstrated that it was the heart after all which governed the world and that the fair sex as queens of the heart necessarily governed it.

THE ANNUAL CONCERT.

This entertainment came off last evening according to appointment. A brilliant audience filled the opera house and were entertained to a late hour by the very interesting exercises.

S. M. F. College Commencement.

COVINGTON, GA., June 19.

The commencement season of S. M. F. college, for 1878, was inaugurated by an entertainment given by the pupils in the primary department, under the direction of Miss Annie L. Anderson. The night being pleasant, a very large audience was in attendance and the little folks generally performed their respective parts well, and the entertainment was a most interesting and enjoyable one.

Although the programme was a very lengthy one, it was fully carried out, and the little ones performed their parts well throughout. The music and calisthenics was under the direction of Miss Annie Bradshaw, the latter being one of the most interesting features of the evening's entertainment, each little one going through the intricate figures of this splendid exercise with wonderful ease and grace.

G. F. College, of Madison.

MADISON, GA., June 18, 1878.

The closing exercises of the G. F. college, of this place, begin on Monday night next, 24th. Order of exercises as follows:

June 24th (Monday night)—Concert, with calisthenic exercises.

June 25th—Commencement night. Address by Mr. J. H. Lumpkin, of your place.

June 26th (Wednesday night)—Operatic entertainment—Bohemian Girl.

THE UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

Proceedings of the Second Day's Session

The underwriters met in session yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in the senate chamber at the capitol.

The meeting was called to order by President R H Footman, with J A Whitner as secretary.

The entire morning was occupied in the discussion of a certain section of the by-laws of the association.

A number of resolutions were adopted relative to the manner of government of the association.

The president announced the following committees for the ensuing year:

On Statistics—D F Wilcox, L Lanier, J G Whitfield.

On Fire Department and Water Supply—J T Thomas, J M Dexter, J C Plant.

Legislation and Taxation—W S Walker, J T Norris, Joel Hurt.

On Forms and Policies—C A Reuttze, C W Harris, W F Groves.

Local Boards and Tariffs—E S Gay, W W Thomas, J D Johnston.

The following resolutions were adopted:

By L Carrington—

Resolved, That this association most respectfully represent to the patrons of insurance companies the risk they run in insuring their property in companies not represented in this state, believing as we do that the company which does not make the deposit required by law, and obey state laws enacted for the protection of policyholders, is of doubtful responsibility and unworthy of confidence and support.

Also by L. Carrington—

Resolved, That the thanks of this association are due, and are hereby tendered, to the various railroads for courtesies extended to its delegates; as also to the proprietors of the Kimball house; as also to the public authorities for the use of the senate chamber for our session this day.

The body was complimented with very able addresses by Mr A C Blodgett, of Philadelphia, L M Tucker, of Columbus, Miss., D F Wilcox, of Columbus, Ga., and M J Clancy, of Macon, Ga.

The convention then adjourned to meet today at 10 o'clock.

"MARRIED LIFE."

A Fine Success Scored by the Comedy Club

The Young Men's Library association is to be congratulated on the splendid success achieved by the Comedy club, which played under its auspices on Tuesday night.

The entertainment given by the club was the finest ever given by amateurs in the city, or in the state, for that matter. The parts were acted with spirit and brilliancy. There was not a weak point in the cast, and every point was an important one.

It was remarkable to note with what spirit the ladies played—unused as they were to the stage. Miss B as Mrs. Dove was simply perfect. She gave her self completely to the spirit of her part and won hearty applause. She sustained Mr. H. admirably, and brought out all his best parts. Mrs S as Mrs. Cadie, only confirmed the laurels she has worn so long as a singer. Her appearances on the stage always quickened the interest in the play. She was rated by many the star of the evening. The make up of Miss K. B as Mrs. Dismal was inimitable, and every time she opened her mouth, the audience laughed. Her voice was wonderfully changed from its natural tone, and her whole appearance was a marvel. Miss M. as Mrs Lyne, displayed more art as an actress perhaps, than any other lady, and would have sustained herself anywhere. Her intonation was perfect, and her manner, equal to the best professional. She was charming Miss O. as Mrs. Younghusband, made the best stage posture ever seen in this city. She was simply exquisite, her fresh girlish beauty, being set by the daintiness and naivete of her acting. In the delicious scene, where she separates from her husband, she won the most rapturous applause given during the evening.

The gentlemen acted excellently. It is not necessary to say that Messrs Clayton and the gentleman who played "Dove" did well. They always do. They never fail to bring down the house. They literally surpassed themselves Tuesday night, and gave Atlanta two new creatures. Mr. Barnett did splendidly. He never acted so well before, and carrying the burden of the play on his graceful shoulders, carried it to the pleasure of the audience. He makes a very fine stage appearance. Mr. Bleckley was, of course, good. Our opinion of this gentleman's acting is too well known for us to be tempted into criticising his rendition of so light a part, as he had Tuesday night. Mr. Peeples, although new to the stage, made a fine hit. His make-up was incomparable. He looked his sixty years, and his acting, though quiet, was very effective.

Fulton Superior Court.

HON. GEO. N. LESTER, JUDGE PRESIDING.

The superior court of Fulton county met at the usual hour yesterday morning and transacted the following business during the day's session:

Case of State vs. John Jones—accusation for burglary in the night—charged with breaking into the warehouse of Mr. A T. Cunningham and stealing therefrom one bale of cotton. Case tried and defendant found guilty, and sentenced by the court to serve a term of three years in the service of the state.

Case of State vs Jake Stafford—accusation for burglary in the night. The defendant was charged with entering the store of H Lewis & Co and stealing therefrom a quantity of hardware. Case tried and verdict of guilty rendered by the court. The defendant was sentenced to serve the full term of three years in the service of the state.

Court adjourned to meet at 8:30 o'clock this morning.

The Base Ball Match.

The Chucks, of Marietta, reached this city Tuesday at noon by the regular passenger train, over the Western and Atlantic railroad, for the purpose of playing a match game of base ball with the Alerts of this city. Their non-arrival at an earlier hour in the day prevented the game from being played at 10 o'clock, as was previously announced in THE CONSTITUTION, and as it was agreed upon by the contesting clubs, that the game should be played

COMMENCING AT 2 O'CLOCK.

At that hour the members of the two clubs met at the grounds, near McPherson barracks. The game was called promptly at the hour agreed upon by Sargeant Fike, of the garrison, who was selected as umpire. A toss gave the Chucks the bat, and the game was commenced. The playing was very good on each side throughout the entire contest. Some heavy batting was done by Martin, Bagby and Callaghan, of the Alerts. While the sixth inning was being played, and while the Alerts were at the bat, a very heavy rain commenced to fall. The ground for about five minutes was a perfect sheet of water. The audience scattered and sought refuge within the barracks grounds, where they found ample shelter in the building near the gates. Among those in attendance were quite a number of ladies. The shower lasted about half an hour, after which

THE PLAYING WAS RESUMED,

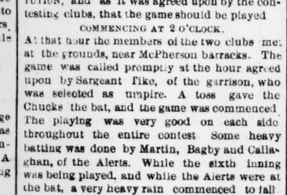
with the Alerts at the bat. The Alerts retired in a few moments, and the Chucks came to the bat. At this point another shower fell, which broke up the game, as the Chucks declined to play further on account of the condition of the weather. The umpire was appealed to make a decision relative to the settlement of the game. The umpire decided that as the sixth inning was only partially played, the game should be decided upon the fifth inning, which was 6 to 8 in favor of the Alerts. The Chucks expressed no dissatisfaction at the decision of the umpire, and seemed perfectly satisfied in every way. As a game played at Marietta about six weeks ago resulted in the defeat of the Alerts by the Chucks, and in the latter game the table was turned, each club has now suffered a defeat and won a victory. A deciding game will have to be played to settle the championship between these two clubs. It is thought probable that the third game will be played in the course of the coming three weeks. The challenge in this game will have from the Chucks, having been the last defeated.

The Lecture To-night.

Mr. Henry W. Grady has consented at the pressing request of the official members of Trinity Church to re-deliver his famous lecture, "The Patchwork Palace," to-night, for the benefit of the Church."

"Mr. Mortimer Pitts," the hero of Mr. Grady's lecture, has become a notable character in Atlanta, and the lecture itself met with an enthusiastic reception. No one should fail to hear it to-night. It is one of the rarest treats ever offered to a Georgia audience.

Street cars will run on Peachtree, Whitehall and McDonough streets to-night after Mr. Grady's lecture



DR. ALEX. FOX Practical and Scientific Optician, offers to those suffering from Weakness and Defective Sight his *Renowned Tinted Focus Crystal Lenses*. Wherever Fox's Improved Spectacles have been introduced, they are spoken of in the highest praise, from their merits alone practical experience of wearers. In proof of the advantages derived from the use of these Spectacles, they are used exclusively at all *Eye Infirmaries, Hospitals, Medical Colleges*, and Universities wherever they have been introduced. Sold only by himself. He supplies no Peddlers or dealers in Spectacles. Office, No. 39 Whitehall street, with G. H. Miller. june16...d1f

BARGAINS IN JEWELRY
Ladies' and Gents' Watches; Gold Guard and Opera Chains; Diamond, Seal and Fancy Rings. A large assortment of Solid Silver Bridal Presents just received at
J. P. STEVENS & CO.'S,
34 Whitehall street
246 june13...d1m head 4th col 4th pg

FRUIT JARS, All Kinds.
MILLVILLE ATMOSPHERIC FRUIT JARS, CHAMPION FREEZERS. FLY FANS and TRAPS to Merchants at manufacturers prices by
McBRIDE & CO.
349 nov11...d1y 4pg

STILL GREATER REDUCTIONS
—IN—
Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, &c., &c.
BEFORE TAKING OUR ANNUAL INVENTORY.

So as to enable us to reduce our immense stocks, not only in this place, but also in Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla., we have made still greater reductions and have determined to sell all our goods

REGARDLESS OF COST.

We will quote only a few items and guarantee that all our goods will be found proportionately low:
Prints, warranted fast colors, at 4 cents.
Bleachings at 5 and 6 cents.
Sea Islands from 4½ cents up—not damaged.
Piques at 5 cents.
Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings at manufacturers prices.
36-inch long Hockerback Towels at $1 35 per doz., worth $2 50.
Ladies' Hose and Gents' ½ Hose at 8 cents, worth 15 cents.
Black Silks 60 cents.
Dress Goods at any price to close out.
Black double-width Alpaca 18 cents, worth 30 cents.
Black Cashmere 25 cents, worth 50 cents.
Parasols reduced just to half the former price.
Carpets from 15 cents up. Matting at 19 cents.
Window Shades at 75 cents
Immense bargains in all White Goods, such as Nainsooks, Victoria Lawns, Swisses, Jaconets and Brown Dress Linens, &c.
All we ask is a call at our store and we guarantee that no customer will leave without receiving full value, Respectfully,
Furchgott, Benedict & Co.
38 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
june18...d1y

JOHN KEELY,
"The Leader of Low Prices in Atlanta,"
Having just returned from New York (HIS SECOND TRIP THIS SPRING), is now opening an immense stock of goods, amongst which will be found decidedly,
THE GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED IN ATLANTA.
During this visit to New York, the auction rooms were literally choked with goods, whilst the Buyers were very few Of course, the natural consequence of slight competition at these auction sales is, CHEAP GOODS. Amongst which the following stand conspicuously, viz:

DRESS GOODS!
1500 yards Beautiful Bunting, Solid Black, Splendid Color, 15c yard, worth 25c to 31c.
2200 yards choicest All wool De' Beges, both Plain and Twilled, little over half their value.
2000 yards Solid Color, all Linen Lawns, 10 cents, worth 20 cents—all shades of Gray and Brown.
1271 yards choicest grades Fancy Linen Bourrette Cloth, 15 cents yard. Same as I sold in April at 25 cents.
2600 yards Lace effect, in wool Dress Goods, 25c yard. Same as I have been selling this season at 35 and 50c.
1700 yards yard wide finest "KOSCHLIN" Percales, 8c yard. Goods intended to sell for 40 and 50 cents per yard.
Everything made in Seal Brown and Navy Blue Solid FRENCH PERCALES, half price. Wonderful goods for the money
5000 yards of the handsomest Printed Lawns, 5 00 yards Beautiful Brown Dress Linen, 10c yard, worth 20c.
2,50 yards of Beautiful Quality Printed Linen Lawns, half price 150 yards superb Dress Linens 15c and 20 cents, worth 25c and 35c.

SILKS.
630 yards Black Gros Grain Silk 75c, worth $1 00—from silk auction sale.
970 yards elegant Black Lyons Silk $1 00 yard, well worth $1 25
2,000 yards better grades Black Silks from auction sales, at proportionately low prices.
1,00 yards beautiful solid color Gros Grain Silks 50c yard, equal to what sells 85c to $1 00.
2,700 yards choice colors, Gros Grain Silk (solid) 85c to $1 40 yard, selling everywhere at from $1 00 to $1 35.
27 pieces beautiful striped Spring Silks 50c yard, wonderful goods for the money.

GRENADINES.
27 patterns fine fancy Grenadines, a little over half price, *from auction.*
1 300 yards choicest grade all Silk and wool Black and White richly striped "Henani" Grenadines, ONE-THIRD ITS VALUE.
Back from Greenbrier in immense quantity, at every price from 10c yard up to 40c for goods worth 20c to 65c yard.
REMEMBER, THESE GOODS ARE FROM AUCTION SALES, AT WHICH THERE WAS NO MERCY SHOWN TO THE OWNERS.

HERE IS A REAL "BONANZA" IN PANTS GOODS FOR MEN AND BOYS WEAR!
1,700 yards excellent quality good old-fashioned "Camlets," slightly damaged by fresh water, but the fibre guaranteed, not injured, 6c yard, well worth 25c anywhere (A perfectly wonderful bargain.)
2 300 yards beautiful Tweeds for men' and boys' wear, 10c yard, worth 25c anywhere.
75 pices extra good Tweeds, somewhat soiled on the edges, 10c yard. Same as I have been selling at 35c
200 pieces fine grade Cassimere at proportionately low rates.

CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS.
The largest line of Corsets ever brought to Atlanta by all odds!
1 200 excellent Corsets, warranted to fit and wear well, 35c each. (a regular 50c Corset.)
1,200 of the best 50c Corsets, 35c each, warranted "Immatchable" for the money; also,
"Roman," "Abdominal" and "Nonpariel" Corsets at proportionately striking prices.

No Such a Line of Corsets as this Has ever Been Placed Before the Atlanta Public!
1,150 fine, large Silk Parasols, at strictly half price. 500 good Parasols 10c each, worth 20 or 25c.

Suits! Suits! Suits! Etc.
500 Children's fine French Percale Dresses, latest styles, $1 00 and $1 25 each, worth $3 and $4 00.
370 Ladies' Linen Suits and Dusters, warranted, 50c on counter.
A few (say some 100 more or less) Calico and Percale Wrappers for ladies, one-third their value.
1 0 0 mens' Calico Shirts at 42c each, worth 75c.
1,1?0 mens' colored Percale Shirts 50c each, worth $1 00.
580 mens' Chevoit Over-shirts 75c each, positively half their value.
These Suits and Shirts were literally slaughtered; buy them at once; they will not last long.
I claim to have the best 75c and $1 00 Shirts in Atlanta, in regular stock.

Fancy Goods and Lace Department.
37 000 yards of the best and cheapest Hamburg Edgings and Insertions in Atlanta.
8,000 elegant Brown Linen Edgings and Insertions at 5c and 10c yard. Sell for 25c and 35c every where
1 100 dozen of the newest styles handsomest and cheapest Linen Collars and Cuffs ever offered in Georgia.
1 000 dozen worth of fine Silk Fans at one-third their value.
150 Lace Sets, new styles, cheap!
750 pair fine Sleeves, Real Lace trimming, 10c pair, intended to have been sold at $1 25 pair.
THE LARGEST AND MOST BEAUTIFUL LINE OF SILK TIES EVER EXPOSED FOR SALE IN ATLANTA. NOT ONE OF THESE FANCY GOODS WAS BOUGHT IN THE USUAL WAY, AND THE PRICES ARE SOMETHING WONDERFUL COMPARED WITH THE VALUE OF THE GOODS.
Black Lace Scarfs at extraordinary prices.
150 pieces of new Rouchings, embracing all the novelties, CHOICE GOODS.
The largest and best assorted stock of Torchon Laces ever offered in Atlanta.
Everything desired in Valenciennes, Guipure and Crochet Laces, a fine stock.

WHITE GOODS, LINENS, ETC.
800 yards full two yard wide Turkey Red Table Linen, 50c per yard, worth 85c.
Everything desirable in Brown, half Bleached and full Bleached Linen Table Damasks, from 25c per yard up
1 000 doz. Towels, embracing everything from 5c each up to the finest made.
150 pieces Brown all linen Crash for Toweling, at low prices.
100 pieces Brown all linen Crash for Toweling, an excellent heavy article, 5c yard, something which imitators cannot duplicate.
40 pieces of the very finest Irish Linen (for shirts, collars, etc) made, at 50c, usually sold for $1 00.
Everything in Napkins, Doylies, etc, from the lowest to the finest grades known. Prices guaranteed to be lower than elsewhere.
N. B.—No trouble has been spared in the selection of this stock of goods, and nothing was purchased on this last trip, except what was below the merest whispers of its real value.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES. HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
Everything made in Lisle Thread, Silk Stock Spun and Summer Berlin Gloves, in one, two and three Button, also, with high wristlets.
The largest and best stock of Black, White and Colored Kid Gloves ever brought to Atlanta; at 50c, 75c and $1 00 per pair.
A fine line of Extra Quality Men's 2 Button, Real Kid Gloves at $1 25 per pair, well worth $2 00.
A splendid line of Ladies' White Cotton Hose at 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c per pair for really first class goods.
The finest line or Brown and Bleached Balbrigan Hose, in extra lengths, at low prices, in Atlanta.
Ladies' Fancy Cotton Hose in great profusion, at all prices.
Misses' and Children's Fancy Ribbed Hose and Half Hose, embracing everything from the daintiest little Baby's Fancy Sock to the most elegant Misses Hose made. THIS IS A LINE WHICH DESERVES ATTENTION.
Ladies' and Gents' Gauze Undershirts, in choice variety, very cheap.

NOTIONS, &c.
So many articles are embraced under this that an enumeration of them is simply impossible. Suffice it then to say that this department is replete with Novelties, including Pearl Buttons, Silk Buttons, Bullet Buttons and Gilt and Silver Buttons, a fine line of Silk Dress Buttons to match every conceivable shade of color, and character of fabric besides Fan Cords and thousands of things, all new and fresh, and SOLD AT THE SMALLEST POSSIBLE PROFIT.

DOMESTICS, ETC.
1000 pieces of the handsomest Calicoes in Georgia. Best Quality, Superior styles.
500 pieces Percales full yard wide 6 cents yard, selling everywhere for 10c and 12½c.
10,000 yards excellent Sea Island Cloth, 4½c cents yard—slightly wet.
Great Bargains in Bleached Goods in 7-8 and 4-4 goods.
The largest and cheapest stock of double width Sheetings in the city.
5000 yards Striped and Checked heavy Domestics, 6 cents per yard, worth 9 cents.
In this department will be found all the Standard Brands at LOWEST PRICES.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!
I am now in the act of receiving choice lines of Burt's, Zeigler's and Miles' Shoes, which will be sold at the lowest possible profits. These goods EVERYBODY ELSE CAN BUY if willing to sell a first class Shoe at a close profit, but the temptation to sell an inferior Shoe for the same price and make a larger profit sometimes is too strong to be resisted. I have ALL the first class brands of shoes and I guarantee every pair of them. I can furnish, also, Cloth Gaiters as low as 75c a pair and thousands of Newport Ties at $1 25. Ladies' Kid Slippers from 60c a pair. Ladies' Children's Kid Ankle Tie Slippers 25c a pair, similar to those being sold elsewhere at 50 cents. NO SHODDY! NO TRASH! NO JUNK! THIS STOCK OF SHOES Having no spleen nor envy to vent upon competitors, and not entertaining any feeling save that of gratitude for the liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I am perfectly willing to abide the verdict (as to goods and prices) of purchasers, who, having examined elsewhere, will find my stock and prices a thorough investigation. A visit to my store will amply repay anybody in need of FIRST CLASS GOODS AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES, at
318 jun16...d1m JOHN KEELY'S.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Religious.

The meetings conducted by Rev. Dr. Teasdale, in Dr. Spalding's church, are becoming deeply interesting and promise, like those which were held in Macon by this effective preacher, to become all absorbing in our city. A thorough Bible revival of religion is greatly needed in Atlanta. It is hoped that the set time to favor Zion has come. Dr. Teasdale's earnest sermon yesterday morning on "Taking the City for Jesus" produced a marked effect. At the close of the discourse Christians knelt in a prayer of renewed consecration to the service of Christ, and quite a number of inquirers requested special prayer for themselves. This morning at 8:30 the Bible reading will be on "Likeness to Jesus." To-night Dr. T. will preach on "Hell!" By the request of a very sick lady in that vicinity the ringing of the bell will be omitted for the present. A. T. S.

Henry W. Grady, "The Patchwork Palace" The New Quartette. Trinity Church To-night at 8¼ o'clock

Hotel Arrivals.

KIMBALL HOUSE—G J Scovel, Edward J Young, Roanoke college, Va; C H Hall, Nashville; B C Gunter, Bridgeport, Ala; W H Dyer, Washington; T F Prothard, Griffin, Mrs A Alexander, Baltimore; John W Lyndon, Philadelphia; C H Hollis, Memphis; Miss Reed, Charleston; Harry T Oliver, Hampton; Ed L Simmons, Ga; Mr and Mrs C C Kibbee, Hawkinsville; Thos N Conner, Macon; J C Plant, Macon; T J Shepperd, Covington; W K Huse, Cartersville, Ga; W A Dent, Charleston; Chas R Watts, Savannah; S A Stern, S L Wills, Baltimore; Major W F Nance, S C; Mrs F E Cresswell, Rome; Col A Johnson, Cartersville; Mrs J B Lombard, Miss; A C Wyly, city; E Spedden, John W Jenkins, New York; H C Moses, Montgomery, Ala; Geo T Dollis, LaGrange; F Monroe Ogden, Macon; R L Talmadge, Clinn; Mrs Shockly and child, Miss Shockley, New Orleans; R L Steadman, Mobile; Martin Bird, North Carolina; Col Bass, city; W F Groves, Marietta; J A Perdue, J Gadsden King, Thomas Edgeston, city; Maj J B Morgan, Kirkwood; J J C McMahan, J G Gibson, Crawford; W H Daniel, Savannah; Maj Livingston, Mims City; K S Finch, Charleston; S C Wilson, J W Lane, N Y; W A Carroll, Col S G Grasty, city; Thomas Edwards, Ga.

MARKHAM HOUSE.—G Dobbs, Marietta; J Glover Tenn; Miss A C Coffin, New York; Mrs J Conyers, Miss W Conyers, Covington; A Clark city; Mrs M Nichols, Miss; G W Warrick, Ga; W A Nelson, Jonesboro; R F Lyon, Macon; C Newhouse, Penn; S Stradley, S C; Tom Lockwood, Miss; E Middleton, Va; G C Clarke, Tenn; Mrs Crawford and son, Ala; W A Gsborn, Palmetto; J Lynch, N A Haven, R H Clark, city; W C Mansfield, Penn; C C Sneed, Ala; T J Crenshaw, Miss; C P Johnson, H G Ward, Ga; M J Guyton, F F Gilley and wife, E D Alford, Miss; J S Nichols, Marietta; H Mooney, J B Duncan, W B Bennett, S C; J D Dooly, N C; A Moffett, Savannah; H Smith, J W Henderson, Fla; H L Travis, J W Hightower, H P Morgan, Ga; E G Weed, Augusta; H Booth, Miss J E Owens, city; A J Rapson, Ga.

The "Patchwork Palace."

An hour and a half entertainment at the Trinity Church to night. Tickets 50 cents. Lecture commences at 8¾ promptly.
June20...d1t

WILBROTT'S FEVER AND AGUE TONIC. This medicine is used by contracting companies for the benefit of their employees, when engaged in malarial districts. The highest testimonials have been given by contractors and by the Presidents of some of the leading railroads in the South and West. When men are congregated in large numbers in the neighborhood of swamps and rivers, Wilbrott's Tonic is a valuable addition to the stock of medicines, and will amply reward the company in the saving of time, labor and money. We recommend to all. WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO., Proprietors, New Orleans.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
627 may1...d&w6m june18...d&w2w

"The Patchwork Palace."

The public will have a chance to hear to-night, at Trinity Church, this celebrated lecture. Tickets 50 cents. For the benefit of the Church.

The Georgia Railroad

Have put on sale, QUARTERLY tickets to EDGEWOOD, at the low price of seven dollars—which will be confined to the Accommodation train. This is equal to about ten cents per day for six business days in the week, or two cents per mile. The neighborhood of Edgewood should take advantage of this great convenience, and our citizens also, for the spring and summer or permanently. Apply to Ed. A. Werner, Agent for these tickets june20 d1t

"The Patchwork Palace," by Henry W. Grady, to night for the benefit of Trinity Church.

Rossini Musical Club.

Rehearsal this (Thursday) night. All active members are earnestly requested to attend *punctually*
361 june20...d1t

Mr. Grady will hold a reception in the "Patchw